IBT
IBT INSTITUTE PVT. LTD

THE HINDU

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VOCABULARY

1. REMORSEFUL (ADJECTIVE): पश्चातापी

Pronunciation: ruh•maws•ful
Meaning: feeling or expressing sincere regret or remorse (a feeling of sadness and being sorry for something you have done).
Synonyms: repentant, contrite, apologetic, regretful, sorry, ashamed
Antonyms: unrepentant, impenitent, shameless, unashamed
Sentence: After realizing harm he caused, he was ***remorseful*** and apologized to those he had hurt.

2. TRAVAIL (NOUN): कड़ा परिश्रम

Pronunciation: tra•vayl
Meaning: painful or laborious effort, a physical or mental exertion.
Synonyms: toil, labor, effort, struggle
Antonyms: ease, rest, leisure, relaxation
Sentence: She went through much ***travail*** to become a doctor.

3. DESICCATED (ADJECTIVE): सुखाया हुआ

Pronunciation: deh•suh•kayt•uhd
Meaning: remove the moisture from (something); cause it to become completely dry; lacking vitality or interest.
Synonyms: dried up, dehydrated, lifeless
Antonyms: hydrated, moist, wet, juicy
Sentence: After sitting in hot sun all day, once lush green grass had become ***desiccated*** and brown.

4. RANCOUR (NOUN): द्वेष

Pronunciation: ran-kuh
Meaning: bitterness or resentment, especially long-lasting and deep-seated.
Synonyms: Animosity, resentment, bitterness, hostility
Antonyms: Friendliness, goodwill, harmony, kindness
Sentence: They let go of their ***rancour*** and worked together.

5. WANTON (ADJECTIVE): अकारण

Pronunciation: vawn•tn
Meaning: showing no care or concern for others; reckless.
Synonyms: Reckless, malicious, cruel, irresponsible
Antonyms: Careful, responsible, conscientious, considerate
Sentence: The ***wanton*** destruction of the property angered the community.

6. LITIGATE (VERB): मुक़दमा

Pronunciation: li•tuh•gayt
Meaning: to engage in a legal proceeding to resolve a dispute.
Synonyms: Sue, prosecute, bring to court
Antonyms: Settle, resolve, arbitrate, negotiate
Sentence: The two parties decided to ***litigate*** their dispute in court instead of attempting to settle it out of court.

7. ANTHROPOGENIC (ADJECTIVE): मानवजनित

Pronunciation: an•thruh•puh•jeh•nuhk
Meaning: relating to or resulting from the influence of human beings on nature or the environment.
Synonyms: Human-caused, human-made, Man-made, artificial
Antonyms: Natural, organic, non-anthropogenic
Sentence: Climate change is largely caused by ***anthropogenic*** factors such as burning fossil fuels and deforestation.

8. DISMANTLE (VERB): अलग करना

Pronunciation: duhs•man•tl
Meaning: to take apart or pull down; to strip furniture, equipment, or fittings; to disassemble.
Synonyms: Deconstruct, demolish, take apart
Antonyms: Assemble, construct, build, put together
Sentence: The workers were instructed to ***dismantle*** old machinery before installing the new one.

9. DELETERIOUS (ADJECTIVE): हानिकारक

Pronunciation: deh•luh•teeuh•ree•uhs
Meaning: harmful or injurious to health, wellbeing, or morals; causing damage or harm.
Synonyms: injurious, pernicious, detrimental
Antonyms: Beneficial, advantageous, helpful
Sentence: Smoking is a ***deleterious*** habit that can lead to various health problems, including lung cancer and heart disease.

10. ENVISAGE (VERB): कल्पना करना

Pronunciation: en•vi•suhj
Meaning: to imagine or visualize; contemplate or visualize a future event or possibility.
Synonyms: Imagine, visualize, conceive, picture, see in one's mind's eye
Antonyms: Disregard, overlook, ignore, neglect
Sentence: She could ***envisage*** a bright future for her business with the new marketing strategy.