

READING COMP. & ERROR DETECTION

Direction (Q. 1 - 5): In the following question, one part of the sentence has an error. Read the sentence to find the error and mark the corresponding option. If the sentence has no error choose option 5 'No error' as your answer.

1. In addition to the regular financial help,(1)/ training and development programmes (2)/ will be rolled to support high-skilled talents, (3)/ while efforts will be made to encourage businesses.(4)/No error(5)

- 1.1 2.2
3.3 4.4
5.5

2. As part of the wide-ranging reforms, the (1)/ Abu Dhabi Government will forge a partnership (2)/ with the private sector to create and launch a new (3)/ technology incubator to attracting and develop start-ups.(4)/ No error(5)

- 1.1 2.2
3.3 4.4
5.5

3. The Liberals regained their influence (1)/ after the war in the leadership of (2)/ William Lyon Mackenzie King, who served (3)/ as prime minister with three separate terms .(4)/ No error(5)

- 1.1 2.2
3.3 4.4
5.5

4. By the time the Spanish determined (1)/ to build a fort on Vancouver Island, (2)/ the British navigator (3)/ James Cook visited Nootka Sound.(4)/ No error(5)

- 1.1 2.2
3.3 4.4
5.5

5. The project costed about (1)/ \$5 million and demonstrated (2)/ the need to complete (3)/the Canadian Pacific Railway. (4)/ No error(5)

- 1.1 2.2
3.3 4.4
5.5

Direction (Q. 6 - 12): In the following sentence, some parts have errors and some are correct. Find out which part has an error and mark it as your answer. If there is no error, mark 'No error' as your answer.

6. U.K. Supreme Court's landmark ruling that (1)/ the prorogation of the British Parliament (2)/ was unlawful has rendered Prime Minister (3)/ Boris Johnson's continuance morally untenable. (4)/ No error (5)

- 1.1 2.2
3.3 4.4
5.5

7. Since 2001, in India global trends and domestic (1)/ policies substantially have increased the (2)/ cross-border transfers of capital and technology (3)/ from the developed to the less developed countries.(4)/ No error(5)

- 1.1 2.2
3.3 4.4
5.5

8. Despite a long history and much (1)/ promise, the pace and level of India's industrial (2)/ development has been well below even conservative (3)/ expectations and far short in potential. (4)/ No error(5)

- 1.1 2.2
3.3 4.4
5.5

9. In Kuznets' view, besides the diversification of (1)/economic activity away from agriculture, also modern (2)/ economic growth would be accompanied by an (3)/ increase in the size of non-agricultural enterprises. (4)/ No error(5)

- 1.1 2.2
3.3 4.4
5.5

10. Recent trends in the organisational (1)/ form of units in the registered manufacturing (2)/ sector suggests that India's factory sector (3)/ is not just abnormal but backward to boot.(4)/ No error(5)

- 1.1 2.2
3.3 4.4
5.5

11. He set forth to propound a doctrine in human conduct – a theoretical (1)/ scheme in which the man of active virtue should not be baffled by the (2)/ vices of others, but use of their vices for his own advantage (3) and the advantage of the State.(4)/ No error (5)

- 1.1 2.2
3.3 4.4
5.5

12. In order to do that he had to survey the whole (1)/ field of human knowledge and (2)/ fight against many malpractices which had come (3)/ to existence in the study of Science and Nature.(4)/ No error (5)

- 1.1 2.2
3.3 4.4
5.5

Direction (Q. 13 - 17): Read the sentence to find out if there is any grammatical error in it. The error if any will be in two parts of the sentence. The combination of those parts will be the answer to that question. If no part in the sentence has an error then mark 'no error' as your answer.

13. Rohan was very much sorry (A)/ about the misunderstanding (B) which happened yesterday (C)/ at the meeting. (D)

1. BC 2. AB
3. AC 4. AD
5. NO ERROR

14. President Xi headed in Nepal later on Saturday (A)/ where he is expected to push for farther Chinese involvement in (B)/ developing its infrastructure as part of Beijing's signature (C)/ Belt and Road Initiative to boost trade and transport links across Asia. (D)

1. AB 2. AC
3. CD 4. BD
5. No error

15. As countries that are large and diverse, they recognised (A)/ the importance of continuing to make joint efforts (B)/ to ensure that the international community (C)/ strengthens the framework against supporting terrorist groups.(D)

1. AB 2. BC
3. AD 4. CD
5. No error

16. As science is a humanly endeavour, (A)/ it cannot entirely eliminate error, (B)/ but it can minimise the probability (C)/ of errors and evaluate their magnitudes.(D)

1. AB 2. AC
3. BD 4. CD
5. No error

17. While all cultures have used some sort of experimentation, (A)/for improving its technologies, the systematic use (B)/ of experiments of the acquisition of theoretical knowledge (C)/ is a fundamental novel aspect of modern science.(D)

1. AC 2. AD
3. BC 4. BD
5. No error

Direction (Q. 18 - 22): Read the sentence to find out if there is any grammatical error in it. The error if any will be in two parts of the sentence. The combination of those parts will be the answer to that question. If no part in the sentence has an error then mark 'no error' as your answer.

18. No matter how (A)/ hard I try (B)/ I will never be able (C)/ to live up to their expectations (D)

1. AB 2. CD
3. AC 4. AD
5. NO ERROR

19. Because of my car (A)/ is in the garage (B)/ I will be unable to (C)/ assist you up tomorrow morning (D)

1. AB 2. AD
3. CD 4. BD
5. NO ERROR

20. The development is (A)/ believe to rise (B)/ from five to ten per cent (C)/ in the next two years (D)

1. BC 2. CD
3. AD 4. AC
5. NO ERROR

21. Our history have been (A)/ a long evolutionary development(B)/ in which there have been instances of (C)/ forgiving as well as compassion (D)

1. BC 2. AB
3. AD 4. AC
5. NO ERROR

22. A generation which has (A)/ had access to the latest technologies(B)/ and has seen evolutionary changes (C)/ are more aware (D)

1. BD 2. AC
3. BC 4. AD
5. NO ERROR

Direction (Q. 23 - 27): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words have been highlighted for your attention.

People often use the words 'invention' and 'innovation' interchangeably. This is not only incorrect but misses a

few key subtleties in meaning that can change a conversation. Invention is about creating something new, while innovation introduces the concept of 'use' of an existing idea or method. While this difference is subtle, and these words are listed in every thesaurus that I checked as synonyms of each other, they are definitely not 100% interchangeable. An invention is usually a 'thing', while an innovation is usually an invention that causes a change in behavior or interactions.

The term 'invention', is defined as the act of creating, designing or discovering a device, method or process, that never existed before. In finer terms, it is a novel scientific idea **conceived** through research and experimentation that turns into a tangible object. It is a process of producing a new product.

The word 'innovation' can be an introduction or development of a new product, process, technology, service or improving/redesigning the existing ones that provide solutions to the current market requirements. All the processes that help in the generation of new ideas and translating them into the products demanded by the customers are covered under innovation.

So, it can be said that innovation is not the same thing as invention, as these are two different concepts. Further, invention is when something new or novel to the world is discovered, while innovation is about introducing an effective way of using, producing or distributing something.

23. Which of the following can be a suitable title for the given passage?

1. Driving innovation while protecting invention
2. Invention is easy - Innovation is difficult
3. Invention vs Innovation
4. The genius of innovation
5. Necessity is the mother of invention

24. In the following question, a word with its meaning is given. If the meaning is wrong, select the right answer from the options given below. Otherwise, choose option 5.

Conceived - conceited

1. Requisite 2. Stipulation
3. Curt 4. Contrived
5. No correction required

25. What is the difference between invention and innovation?

1. An invention is exceptionally a 'thing', while an innovation is usually an invention that causes a change in behavior or interactions.
2. Invention is when something new or novel to the world is discovered, while innovation is about introducing an incompetent way of using, producing or distributing something.
3. Invention can be defined as the creation of a product or introduction of a process for the first time. Innovation, on the other hand, occurs if someone improves on or makes a significant contribution to an existing product, process or service.
4. Apple is an invention while IBM is an innovation.
5. All of the above.

26. _____ is an invention that brings about a transformation in behavior or interactions.

1. Experimentation 2. Research
3. Discovering a device 4. Market requirement
5. Innovation

27. Which of the following is false as per the given passage?

1. Invention is a novel scientific idea conceived through research and experimentation that turns into a tangible object.
2. Using the words 'invention' and 'innovation' interchangeably misses a few key subtleties in meaning that can alter a conversation.
3. All the processes that help in the generation of new ideas and translating them into the products demanded by the customers are covered under innovation.
4. The words 'invention' and 'innovation' are listed as synonyms in every thesaurus and they are definitely 100% interchangeable.
5. None of the above.

Direction (Q. 28 - 32): A passage is given with 5 questions following it. Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the five given alternatives.

Communication is simply the sending of a message to another person. The person sending the message first needs to formulate the message in his head. This involves determining the meaning that the sender intends to convey to the other person. To formulate the meaning of the message, the sender usually draws upon his background attitudes, perceptions, emotions, opinions, education, and experience. The message is then sent to the listener through both verbal talking and non-verbal gestures. The person receiving this message then interprets its meaning. To do this, the listener uses his background, attitudes, perceptions, emotions, opinions, education, and experience. Effective communication exists between two persons when the person receiving the message interprets it in the same way as the sender intended it. Sounds really simple, doesn't it? Well, it can be.

Communication is essential for achieving managerial and organizational effectiveness. Without communication, employees will not be aware of what their co-workers are doing, will not have any idea about what their goal is, and will not be able to assess their performance. In the absence of channels of communication, supervisors will not be able to give instruction to their subordinates and management will not receive the information it requires to develop plans and make a decision. Good communication always helps employees become more involved in their work and helps them to develop a better understanding of their jobs. Clear, precise and timely communication of information also prevents the occurrence of organizational problems. Effective communication is essential for achieving organizational goals, but ensuring such communication has been a major problem for most organizations. Although the word "communication" is often used, there has been no consensus among communication experts regarding the definition of communication. In general, communication may be defined as the process by which the information is exchanged between individuals. There are many components of communication. Consider verbal communication skills, listening skills, written memorandums/email, telephone skills and non-verbal communication. Also, reflect upon all the people we communicate with: subordinates, peers, supervisors, customers, and groups of people. In addition, ponder some of the reasons, why we communicate: to get and give information, to discipline subordinates, to make assignments, and so on.

28. What are the steps involved in the process of communication?

1. By sending a message to another person.
2. Formation of the message in sender's head.
3. Interpretation of the message by the receiver.

4. Both 1 and 2.
5. All of the above.

29. How ineffective communication can affect the working of an institution or an organisation?

1. No awareness of the work being done.
2. No friendly attitude amongst the employees.
3. Supervisors won't be able to pass down the orders.
4. Both 1 and 3.
5. All of the above.

30. How does good communication help organisations and institutions?

1. Employees get interested in their work.
2. Helps in effective time management.
3. It helps in bonding the gap between employees and supervisors.
4. Both 1 and 2.
5. All of the above.

31. What is the synonym of the given word?

Precise

1. Meticulous
2. Remiss
3. Slipshod
4. Sloven
5. None of the above.

32. What is the antonym of the given word?

Intend

1. Frivolous
2. Envisage
3. Pivot
4. Contemplate
5. None of the above.

Direction (Q. 33 - 40): Read the passage given below and then answer the questions given below the passage. Some words have been highlighted for your attention.

The EU is **disregarding** the climate emergency by continuing to give out billions of euros in subsidies to climate-intensive livestock farms at the same time as promising to cut emissions, say, campaigners. Under the Paris climate agreement, the EU and its member states have **committed** to reducing emissions in the European Union by at least 40% by 2030. The EU's farming sector has shown no decline in emissions since 2010, with meat and dairy estimated to be responsible for 12-17% of total greenhouse gas emissions. Yet the EU continues to pay out an estimated £24bn of taxpayer money – nearly a fifth of the EU's total budget – to support livestock farms across Europe, the majority of which are climate-intensive. "Instead of pouring billions of euros into industrial farms that drive climate change, the EU must support farmers to produce less and better meat, and to provide meat and dairy alternatives," said Greenpeace's EU agriculture policy director, Marco Contiero.

The EU's **subsidy** payouts to farmers are due to be replaced by next year. The EU Commission's draft Common Agricultural Policy (CAP) reform proposals, published last year, include an objective to take action on climate change. However, they set no targets for reducing livestock numbers. The EU agricultural commissioner, Phil Hogan, has previously been reported as dismissing the sector's emissions footprint. Compassion in World Farming campaigner Peter Stevenson said the EU was "deaf to the scientific arguments" that a reduction in EU production and consumption is necessary to tackle climate change. Former EU Environment commissioner Karl Falkenberg pointed the blame at MEPs in the EU Parliament's all-powerful agri-committee for blocking reforms. More than half the

politicians on the committee have declared interests as farmers, former farmers, CAP payment recipients in another capacity, current or former partners in agricultural businesses, or have spouses who own farms.

"It is mainly made up of farming or rural MEPs who want to be members of the committee because it gives them a way to get re-elected. The entire EU Parliament might not take the same line as the committee, but if we get a bad policy from them it is harder to change," Falkenberg told. The thinktank Rise Foundation has said Europe's meat and dairy production would need to halve by 2050 to meet global targets for reducing climate emissions.

33. Why is it said that the EU is ignoring the climate emergency by giving out subsidies to livestock farms?

- (A) Because the EU is not supporting the Greenpeace.
(B) Because livestock farms are responsible for greenhouse gas emission.
(C) Because the EU is neglecting its responsibilities towards the mission of cutting emission.
(D) Because the EU is concentrating more on renewable resources via livestock farms.

1. Only B
2. Only C
3. B and C
4. C and D
5. Only A

34. Which of the following can be a useful step(s) that the EU should take for the improvement of the environment?

- (A) Should increase the amount of taxes levied on the livestock farms.
(B) Should encourage farms to produce more meat and fewer dairy products.
(C) Should support farmers to produce less and better meat.
(D) Should provide the alternatives of meat and dairy.

1. Only D
2. Only C
3. Only A
4. B and D
5. C and D

35. Given below are certain facts. Identify the facts that are true as per the information provided in the passage.

- (A) The EU and its member states have not promised to reduce emission by at least 40% in 2030.
(B) The EU has promised to support the farmers to produce less meat.
(C) The EU pays a sixth of its total budget to the livestock farms.
(D) There has been no decline in the emission since 2010 as shown by the EU's farming sector.

1. Only A
2. Only B
3. Only C
4. Only D
5. A and B

36. Given below are certain facts. Identify the facts that are false as per the information provided in the passage.

- (A) It is pointed that reforms are being blocked by the EU Parliament's all-powerful agri-committee.
(B) The EU has not yet set any target for reducing the number of livestock.
(C) Karl Falkenberg is the EU Environment Commissioner.
(D) "A reduction in EU production and consumption is necessary to tackle climate change." It is a scientific argument.

1. Only B
2. Only A
3. Only C
4. B and C

5. C and D

37. Choose a title for the given passage.

1. The lack of consciousness of the EU
2. The laxity of the EU regarding greenhouse gas emissions
3. The EU and its members
4. Problems within the EU
5. Climate change, a problem ignored by the EU.

38. Which of the following words is the MOST OPPOSITE in meaning to the word DISREGARDING as given in the passage?

1. Disdain
2. Amelioration
3. Mitigating
4. Heeding
5. Wrecking

39. Which of the following words is the MOST OPPOSITE in meaning to the word 'COMMITTED' as given in the passage?

1. Steadfast
2. Pledge
3. Apathetic
4. Enclose
5. Engulf

40. Which of the following words is the MOST SIMILAR in meaning to the word SUBSIDY as given in the passage?

1. Endowment
2. Excise
3. Extricate
4. Reimburse
5. Withdraw

Direction (Q. 41 - 50): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below.

Roy Emerson's record for most Grand Slam titles won by a male singles player has been intact for 33 years. It was in the summer of 1967 that he won the last of his 12 trophies and only in 2000 did Pete Sampras surpass it. But little did anybody expect a man to **rack up** an equivalent number at just one Major in a span of just 15 years. On the Parisian clay on Sunday, Rafael Nadal did just that, capturing his 12th French Open and 18th Major overall. This is an era in which along with Nadal, Roger Federer, the all-time leader in Majors (20), and Novak Djokovic (15) have taken turns to relentlessly redefine the limits of greatness. But even by those exalted standards, Nadal's achievement is unparalleled. His record at Roland-Garros (1)/ is a whopping 93-2 (2)/, and he had bagged more trophies there (3)/ than any man or woman has at a single Grand Slam (4). The victory didn't come easy; he had to overcome a spirited Dominic Thiem, widely touted, and quite rightly, as the Spaniard's heir apparent on the surface. On dirt in each of the last four seasons (1)/ had in fact beaten Nadal (2)/ the 25-year-old Austrian (3)/ and was a much improved player (4)/ from the time he lost the 2018 final (5). But the challenge of mastering a physically fit and mentally sharp Nadal is **beyond** most.

The triumph also came on the back of a testing few months for Nadal. Under the cloud of injury (1)/ in the final of the Australian Open this January (2)/ and had to endure a deflating loss to Djokovic (3)/ the 33-year-old ended 2018 (4). In the lead-up to the French Open, he was on the cusp of not making a final on his beloved clay for the first time since 2004, until he put together a winning streak at the Italian Open. But once in Paris (1)/, he was a transformed man (2)/ and it turned out what could arguably be (3)/ his most complete performance (4). From the backcourt, he displayed the kind of athleticism and shot-making that _____ his age. Federer bore the _____ of it as he succumbed in straight sets in the semifinals. His play in the forecourt, an underrated part of his game, was _____, coming in only for the assured kill, as the 23

out of 27 points won at the net against Thiem indicate. Even as Nadal established himself as a near constant among men, the women's game threw up yet another surprise winner, this time in Australia's Ashleigh Barty. The 23-year-old's style is delightfully old-school, with a beautifully constructed point preferred to murderous first-strike tennis. Combined with a ruthless calm, she completely **unnerved** the 19-year-old Marketa Vondrousova on Saturday to end her nation's long wait for a new slam champion.

41. Fill the blank in the following sentence with the most appropriate word.

Federer bore the _____ of it as he succumbed in straight sets in the semifinals.

- | | |
|--------------|------------|
| 1. Action | 2. Brunt |
| 3. Advantage | 4. Primacy |
| 5. Liaison | |

42. In the following sentence, correct the emboldened phrase if it is incorrect. If the phrase is correct, select 'no improvement needed' as your answer.

But little did anybody expect a man to **rack up** an equivalent number at just one Major in a span of just 15 years.

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------|
| 1. Rack | 2. Rack in |
| 3. Rack onto | 4. Rack for |
| 5. No improvement | |

43. The following sentence may or may not contain an error in one of its parts. Identify the part containing the error. If the sentence is correct, select 'no error' as your answer.

His record at Roland-Garros (1)/ is a whopping 93-2 (2)/, and he had bagged more trophies there (3)/ than any man or woman has at a single Grand Slam.(4)

- | | |
|-------------|------|
| 1. 1 | 2. 2 |
| 3. 3 | 4. 4 |
| 5. No error | |

44. Rearrange the jumbled sentence to make a grammatically correct and meaningful sentence.

On dirt in each of the last four seasons (1)/ had in fact beaten Nadal (2)/ the 25-year-old Austrian (3)/ and was a much improved player (4)/ from the time he lost the 2018 final (5).

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| 1. 14532 | 2. 23451 |
| 3. 35231 | 4. 51342 |
| 5. 32145 | |

45. Fill the blank in the following sentence with the most appropriate word.

From the backcourt he displayed the kind of athleticism and shot-making that _____ his age.

- | | |
|---------------|-----------|
| 1. Nonplussed | 2. Gulled |
| 3. Marred | 4. Belied |
| 5. Enhanced | |

46. The following sentence may or may not contain an error in one of its parts. Identify the part containing the error. If the sentence is correct, select 'no error' as your answer.

But once in Paris (1)/, he was a transformed man (2)/ and it turned out what could arguably be (3)/ his most complete performance (4).

- | | |
|-------------|------|
| 1. 1 | 2. 2 |
| 3. 3 | 4. 4 |
| 5. No error | |

47. Rearrange the jumbled sentence to make a grammatically correct and meaningful sentence.

Under the cloud of injury (1)/ in the final of the Australian Open this January (2)/ and had to endure a deflating loss to Djokovic (3)/ the 33-year-old ended 2018 (4).

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| 1. 4132 | 2. 1432 |
| 3. 2341 | 4. 4123 |
| 5. 3241 | |

48. Fill the blank in the following sentence with the most appropriate word.

His play in the forecourt, an underrated part of his game, was _____, coming in only for the assured kill, as the 23 out of 27 points won at the net against Thiem indicate.

- | | |
|--------------|---------|
| 1. Elusive | 2. Wary |
| 3. Lethal | 4. Edgy |
| 5. Irascible | |

49. Which of the following is the correct meaning of the emboldened word in the given sentence?

But the challenge of mastering a physically fit and mentally sharp Nadal is **beyond** most.

- | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Afar | 2. Progressed more than |
| 3. Apart from | 4. Surpassing |
| 5. Too much for someone to achieve | |

50. Which of the following is closest in meaning to the word 'unnerved'?

- | | |
|--------------|-----------------|
| 1. Exceeding | 2. Disconcerted |
| 3. Heartened | 4. Boosted |
| 5. Inspired | |

ANSWER KEY

1. (3)	2. (4)	3. (2)	4. (4)	5. (1)	6. (1)	7. (2)	8. (4)	9. (2)	10. (3)
11. (1)	12. (4)	13. (3)	14. (1)	15. (5)	16. (2)	17. (3)	18. (5)	19. (2)	20. (1)
21. (3)	22. (4)	23. (3)	24. (4)	25. (3)	26. (5)	27. (4)	28. (5)	29. (4)	30. (4)
31. (1)	32. (1)	33. (3)	34. (5)	35. (4)	36. (3)	37. (2)	38. (4)	39. (3)	40. (1)
41. (2)	42. (5)	43. (3)	44. (5)	45. (4)	46. (5)	47. (1)	48. (3)	49. (5)	50. (2)