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Exceptional words of English vocabulary from the newspaper 'The Hindu' are listed here. Go through these words and read the usages to learn how to use them in sentences. After this, take the quiz based on the vocabulary to check how mucah you learnt. This will really help you boost up your learning.

Happy learning!!!

1. CAJOLE (verb) : मीठी बातों से मिला लेना

Pronunciation: kuh•joleMeaning: persuade (someone) to do something by sustained coaxing or flattery.Synonyms: persuade, wheedle, coaxAntonyms: bugged, nagged, pesteredSentence: He hoped to <u>cajole</u> her into selling the house.

2. APROPOS (adj.) : उचित

Pronunciation: a•pruh•poh
Meaning: very appropriate to a particular situation.
Synonyms: appropriate, pertinent, relevant
Antonyms: inapposite, irrelevant, pointless
Sentence: The composer's reference to child's play is <u>apropos</u>.

3. ARRAIGNMENT (noun) : आक्षेप

Pronunciation: uh•rayn•muhntMeaning: the action of arraigning someone in court.Synonyms: indictment, accusation, denunciationAntonyms: vindication, acquittalSentence: They are scheduled for <u>arraignment</u> October 5th.

4. SALUBRIOUS (adj.) : स्वास्थ्यप्रद

Pronunciation: suh•loo•bree•uhs
Meaning: health-giving; healthy.
Synonyms: healthy, beneficial
Antonyms: insalubrious, noxious, unhealthful
Sentence: He doesn't live in a very salubrious part of town.

5. IMPIETY (noun) : नास्तिकता

Pronunciation: uhm•pai•uh•tee **Meaning:** lack of piety or reverence, especially for a god. **Synonyms:** godlessness, ungodliness, unholiness **Antonyms:** adoration, glorification, worship



Sentence: He blamed the fall of the city on the *impiety* of the people.

6. REVEL (verb) : आनंद लेना

Pronunciation: reh•vl
Meaning: enjoy oneself in a lively and noisy way, especially with drinking and dancing.
Synonyms: celebrate, make merry, have a party
Antonyms: hate, dislike, loathe
Sentence: They spent the evening reveling with their guests.

7. DENOUEMENT (noun) : उपसंहार

Pronunciation: day•noo•mawn
Meaning: the final part of a play, movie, or narrative in which the strands of the plot are drawn together and matters are explained or resolved.
Synonyms: final act, climax, epilogue
Antonyms: beginning, start
Sentence: The film's denouement was unsatisfying and ambiguous.

8. CLAMOR (noun) : कोलाहल

Pronunciation: clam•orMeaning: a loud and confused noise, especially that of people shouting vehemently.Synonyms: babel, uproar, loud noiseAntonyms: quiet, silence, calmSentence: There was a <u>clamor</u> of voices outside the office.

9. SCORCH (verb) : जलाकर राख कर देना

Pronunciation: skawchMeaning: burn the surface of (something) with flame or heat.Synonyms: burn, sear, singeAntonyms: hydrate, wash, dampenSentence: Surrounding houses were scorched by heat from the blast.

10. ERUDITE (adj.) : वैज्ञानिक

Pronunciation: eh•roo•dite
Meaning: having or showing great knowledge or learning.
Synonyms: learned, scholarly, well educated
Antonyms: illiterate, uneducated, unlearned
Sentence: He could turn any conversation into an <u>erudite</u> discussion.



