



Weekly Vocab Dose

15-21 May, 2022



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Exceptional words of English vocabulary from the newspaper 'The Hindu' are listed here. Go through these words and read the usages to learn how to use them in sentences. After this, take the quiz based on the vocabulary to check how much you learnt. This will really help you boost up your learning.

Happy learning!!!

1. IMPERMANENCE (noun) : अनस्थिरता

Pronunciation: uhm·puh·muh·nuhns **Meaning:** the state or fact of lasting for only a limited period of time. **Synonyms:** ephemerality, evanescence, fleetingness **Antonyms:** endurance, permanence, permanency **Sentence:** Change, <u>impermanence</u> is characteristic of life.

2. IMMACULATE (adj.) : निर्मल

Pronunciation: uh·ma·kyoo·luht **Meaning:** (especially of a person or their clothes) perfectly clean, neat, or tidy. **Synonyms:** clean, spotless, pristine **Antonyms:** coarse, dirty, filthy **Sentence:** The property is in <u>immaculate</u> condition.

3. OBLITERATION (noun) : विस्मृति

Pronunciation: uh·bli·tuh·ray·shn **Meaning:** the action or fact of obliterating or being obliterated; total destruction. **Synonyms:** eradication, erasing, erasure **Antonyms:** raising, regeneracy, refurbishment **Sentence:** The result of these invasions was the near <u>obliteration</u> of ancient Egypt.

4. ABODE (noun) : निवास

Pronunciation: uh·bode
Meaning: a place of residence; a house or home.
Synonyms: home, house, residence
Antonyms: dislodge, unfasten, looseness
Sentence: They established their permanent <u>abode</u> here.

5. GUSTO (noun) : उत्साह

Pronunciation: guh·stohMeaning: enjoyment or vigour in doing something; zest.Synonyms: enthusiasm, relish, appetiteAntonyms: lethargy, listlessness, sluggishness



Sentence: The orchestra played with a winning combination of <u>gusto</u> and precision.

6. CONTRITE (adj.) : पछताया हुआ

Pronunciation: kuhn trite
Meaning: feeling or expressing remorse or penitence; affected by guilt.
Synonyms: remorseful, repentant, penitent
Antonyms: impenitent, remorseless, unapologetic
Sentence: She was <u>contrite</u> the morning after her angry outburst.

7. NARCISSISM (adj.) : अहंकार

Pronunciation: naa·suh·si·zm
Meaning: excessive interest in or admiration of oneself and one's physical appearance.
Synonyms: vanity, egoism, self-admiration
Antonyms: altruism, generosity, unselfishness
Sentence: Humbleness is productive, <u>narcissism</u> is destructive.

8. ELUCIDATIVE (adj.) : स्पष्ट

Pronunciation: i-'lü-sə- dāt
Meaning: serving to explain
Synonyms: exegetical, explanative, explanatory
Antonyms: confounding, confusing, obfuscating
Sentence: Most editions of Shakespeare's plays now have <u>elucidative</u> footnotes to help the modern reader.

9. PHALANX (noun) : झुंड

Pronunciation: fa·langks
Meaning: formal a large collection of people, animals, or things often placed close together
Synonyms: brigade, crew, platoon
Antonyms: individual, single
Sentence: A solid phalanx of armed guards stood in front of the castle.

10. OCCLUDE (verb) : रोक देना

Pronunciation: uh·klood
Meaning: stop, close up, or obstruct (an opening, orifice, or passage).
Synonyms: block, obstruct, stop
Antonyms: clear, free, unblock
Sentence: A blood clot had <u>occluded</u> a major artery in his body.



11. SACKED (verb) : बर्खास्त

Pronunciation: saktMeaning: dismiss from employment.Synonyms: dismiss, throw out, let goAntonyms: hire, take on, recruitedSentence: Any official found to be involved would be sacked on the spot.

12. FURNISH (verb) : प्रस्तूत

Pronunciation: fuh•nuhsh
Meaning: to provide (someone) with what is needed for a task or activity.
Synonyms: donate, give, present
Antonyms: deprive, dispossess, divest
Sentence: The art students were <u>furnished</u> with brushes, crayons, pencils, and various other art supplies.

13. CINCH (noun) : आसान काम

Pronunciation: sinch **Meaning:** an extremely easy task. **Synonyms:** easy, uncomplicated, not difficult **Antonyms:** tough, complicated, difficult **Sentence:** This dish is a <u>cinch</u> to make.

14. TRANQUIL (adj.) : शांत

Pronunciation: trang•kvl
Meaning: free from disturbance; calm.
Synonyms: peaceful, restful, reposeful
Antonyms: loud, noisy, boisterous
Sentence: I am going to bed with a happy and <u>tranquil</u> mind

15. TIMOROUS (adj.) : डरपोक

Pronunciation: ti•muh•ruhs
Meaning: showing or suffering from nervousness, fear, or a lack of confidence.
Synonyms: easily frightened, lacking courage, fearful
Antonyms: brave, courageous, bold
Sentence: The timorous kitten would not come out from under the bed.

16. SANGUINE (adj.) : आशावादी

Pronunciation: sang•gvn **Meaning:** optimistic or positive, especially in an apparently bad or difficult situation.



Synonyms: optimistic, bullish, hopeful **Antonyms:** hesitant, doubtful, dubious **Sentence:** He is <u>sanguine</u> about prospects for the global economy.

17. PROFLIGATE (adj.) : अपव्ययी

Pronunciation: praw•fluh•guht
Meaning: recklessly extravagant or wasteful in the use of resources.
Synonyms: wasteful, extravagant, spendthrift
Antonyms: conserving, economical, economizing
Sentence: Profligate movie producers hoping to create the next blockbuster.

18. IMPUNITY (noun) : दण्ड मुक्ति

Pronunciation: uhm•pyoo•nuh•tee

Meaning: exemption from punishment or freedom from the injurious consequences of an action.

Synonyms: indemnity, exemption, freedom

Antonyms: exposure, liability, vulnerability

Sentence: You cannot break the law with impunity.



19. DECORUM (noun) : शिष्टाचार

Pronunciation: duh•kaw•ruhm
Meaning: behavior in keeping with good taste and propriety.
Synonyms: propriety, properness, seemliness
Antonyms: impropriety, indecency, indecorum
Sentence: You exhibit remarkable modesty and <u>decorum</u>.

20. EVANESCENT (adj.) : क्षणभंगुर

Pronunciation: eh·vuh·nes·uhnt

Meaning: soon passing out of sight, memory, or existence; quickly fading or disappearing. **Synonyms:** vanishing, fading, fleeting



Antonyms: endless, eternal, everlasting **Sentence:** Talk is evan<u>escent</u> but the writing leaves footprints.

21. DELINQUENCY (noun) : अपराध

Pronunciation: duh·ling·kvuhn·see **Meaning:** minor crime, especially that committed by young people. **Synonyms:** crime, wrongdoing, criminality **Antonyms:** compliance, goodness, morality **Sentence:** There is a high rate of juvenile <u>delinquency</u> in this area.

22. STOICAL (adj.) : अडिग

Pronunciation: stoh·uhk·uhl
Meaning: enduring pain and hardship without showing one's feelings or complaining.
Synonyms: uncomplaining, patient, forbearing
Antonyms: complaining, fed up, impatient
Sentence: His great-grandfather had been a dedicated and stoical traveler.

23. BESEECH (verb) : प्रार्थना करना

Pronunciation: buh⋅seech
Meaning: ask (someone) urgently and fervently to do something; implore; entreat.
Synonyms: implore, beg, entreat
Antonyms: insist, demand, command
Sentence: I beseech you to forgive me.

24. SQUANDER (verb) : गंवाना

Pronunciation: skvawn duh
Meaning: waste (something, especially money or time) in a reckless and foolish manner.
Synonyms: waste, misspend, misuse
Antonyms: conserve, preserve
Sentence: He didn't squander his money on flashy cars or bikes.

25. INCONCEIVABLE (adj.) : समझ से बाहर

Pronunciation: in·kuhn·seev·uh·bl **Meaning:** not capable of being imagined or grasped mentally; unbelievable. **Synonyms:** beyond belief, unbelievable, extremely difficult to believe **Antonyms:** believable, cogitable, conceivable **Sentence:** She found the idea quite <u>inconceivable</u>.

26. EMBEZZLE (verb) : हड़प लेना



Pronunciation: uhm·beh·zl
Meaning: steal or misappropriate (money placed in one's trust or belonging to the organization for which one works).
Synonyms: steal, rob, pilfer
Antonyms: pay, return
Sentence: He embezzled thousands of dollars from the charity.

27. DENIZEN (noun) : निवासी

Pronunciation: deh·nuh·zn
Meaning: an inhabitant or occupant of a particular place.
Synonyms: inhabitant, resident, native
Antonyms: transient, non-resident, guest
Sentence: Deer, foxes, and squirrels are among the <u>denizens</u> of the forest.

28. TRAILBLAZING (adj.) : पथप्रदर्शक

Pronunciation: trayl·blayz·uhng
Meaning: introducing new ideas or methods; innovative or pioneering.
Synonyms: pioneering, progressive, innovative
Antonyms: traditional, conventional
Sentence: The journalist, businesswoman, and author spoke about their trailblazing career.

29. REDACT (verb) : संपादन करना

Pronunciation: ruh·dakt Meaning: edit (text) for publication. Synonyms: redraft, revamp, revise Antonyms: stet, mess, disturb Sentence: You can redact a word simply by selecting it with your mouse cursor.

30. EPITOME (noun) : प्रतीक

Pronunciation: uh·pi·tuh·mee
Meaning: a person or thing that is a perfect example of a particular quality or type.
Synonyms: personification, embodiment, incarnation
Antonyms: amplification, enlargement, expansion
Sentence: She looked the <u>epitome</u> of elegance and good taste.

31. REMIT (verb) : रद्द करना

Pronunciation: ri-'mit **Meaning:** cancel or refrain from exacting or inflicting (a debt or punishment). **Synonyms:** cancel, revoke, abrogate



Antonyms: hold, keep, receive Sentence: The legislature has <u>remitted</u> the matter to the next session

32. SANGUINE (adj.) : आशावादी

Pronunciation: sang·gvn
Meaning: optimistic or positive, especially in an apparently bad or difficult situation.
Synonyms: optimistic, hopeful, positive
Antonyms: doubtful, dubious, uncertain
Sentence: He is sanguine about prospects for the global economy.

33. PRESAGING (verb) : पहले से अन्भाव करना

Pronunciation: preh·suhj·uhng
Meaning: (of an event) be a sign or warning that (something, typically something bad) will happen.
Synonyms: portend, augur, foreshadow
Antonyms: fulfilment, event, occurrence
Sentence: The outcome of the game presaged the coming year.

34. IMBIBE (verb) : पी लेना

Pronunciation: uhm·bibe
Meaning: to swallow in liquid form
Synonyms: drink, consume, quaff
Antonyms: abstain, fast
Sentence: Plants can imbibe water through their roots.

35. MOCKERY (noun) : मज़ाक

Pronunciation: mawk·uh·ree
Meaning: teasing and contemptuous language or behavior directed at a particular person or thing.
Synonyms: ridicule, derision, jeering
Antonyms: applause, praise
Sentence: There was a tone of mockery in his voice.

36. HECTORED (verb) : बदमाशी से बात करना

Pronunciation: hek-tər
Meaning: talk to (someone) in a bullying way.
Synonyms: bully, intimidate, browbeat
Antonyms: comforted, consoled, soothed
Sentence: Brooks had <u>hectored</u> employees who refused to work overtime.



37. RUMINATE (verb) : विचार करना

Pronunciation: roo·muh·nayt
Meaning: think deeply about something.
Synonyms: think about, contemplate, consider
Antonyms: disregard, ignore, overlook
Sentence: She <u>ruminated</u> for weeks about whether to tell him or not.

38. DIGRESSIONS (noun) : विषयांतर

Pronunciation: dai·greh·shnz
Meaning: a temporary departure from the main subject in speech or writing.
Synonyms: deviation, detour, diversion
Antonyms: Similarity, directness
Sentence: After several <u>digressions</u>, he finally got to the point.



39. PALLIATE (verb) : कम करना

Pronunciation: pa·lee·ayt
Meaning: to make it more bearable or less severe
Synonyms: allay, alleviate, assuage
Antonyms: aggravate, exacerbate, accuse
Sentence: This medicine should <u>palliate</u> your cough at least a little.

40. INVETERATE (adj.) : कहर

Pronunciation: uhn·veh·tuh·ruht
Meaning: having a particular habit, activity, or interest that is long-established and unlikely to change.
Synonyms: ingrained, ineradicable, deep-rooted
Antonyms: temporary, transient, short-term
Sentence: The man is an <u>inveterate</u> liar who only rarely tells the truth.

41. DRUDGERY (noun) : कठिन परिश्रम



Pronunciation: druhj·uh·ree
Meaning: hard menial or dull work.
Synonyms: hard work, menial work, labor
Antonyms: fun, play, relaxation
Sentence: He spent his life in pointlessly tiresome <u>drudgery</u>.

42. ANATHEMA (noun) : अभिशाप

Pronunciation: uh·na·thuh·muh **Meaning:** Something or someone that one vehemently dislikes. **Synonyms:** abhorrent, hateful, odious **Antonyms:** joy, pleasure **Sentence:** His political views were <u>anathema</u> to me.

43. STAUNCHLY (adv.) : दृढता से

Pronunciation: stawnch·lee **Meaning:** in a very loyal and committed manner. **Synonyms:** dedicated, devoted, devout **Antonyms:** disloyal, faithless, perfidious **Sentence:** She <u>staunchly</u> defended the new policy.

44. LOCUTION (noun) : म्हावरा

Pronunciation: luh·kyoo·shn
Meaning: a word or phrase, especially with regard to style or idiom.
Synonyms: denotation, expression, idiom
Antonyms: euphemism, misconstruction, monosemy
Sentence: His locution puzzled me, disturbed me, but I was a guest at his table so I said nothing.

45. EMBEZZLEMENT (noun) : ग़बन

Pronunciation: uhm·beh·zuhl·muhnt

Meaning: theft or misappropriation of funds placed in one's trust or belonging to one's employer.

Synonyms: theft, stealing, robbing

Antonyms: give, receive, compensate.

Sentence: They were arrested for <u>embezzlement</u> of company funds.

46. RABBLE-ROUSER (noun) : हंगामा करने वाला

Pronunciation: rab.ble-rous.er



Meaning: a person who speaks with the intention of inflaming the emotions of a crowd of people, typically for political reasons. Synonyms: agitator, troublemaker, instigator Antonyms: peacemaker, reconciler, uniter Sentence: <u>Rabble-rousers</u> inciting hungry people on breadlines to demand social justice.

47. FEISTY (adj.) : आक्रमणशील

Pronunciation: fai·stee **Meaning:** feeling or displaying an eagerness to fight **Synonyms:** aggressive, agonistic, bellicose **Antonyms:** nonaggressive, nonbelligerent, pacific **Sentence:** He launched a <u>feisty</u> attack on the government.

48. FORFEITURE (noun) : ज़ब्ती

Pronunciation: faw·fuh·chuh
Meaning: the loss or giving up of something as a penalty for wrongdoing.
Synonyms: confiscation, sequestration, loss
Antonyms: award, reward, gain
Sentence: Refusal to sign meant <u>forfeiture</u> of property and exile.

49. SCUFFLE (noun) : हाथापाई

Pronunciation: skuh·flMeaning: a short, confused fight or struggle at close quarters.Synonyms: fight, struggle, tussleAntonyms: truce, peace, harmonySentence: He was involved in a scuffle with a photographer.

50. PICKETS (noun) : पहरेदार

Pronunciation: pi·kuhts **Meaning:** a person or group that watches over someone or something **Synonyms:** guards, keepers, lookouts **Antonyms:** oppose, resist, withstand. **Sentence:** The pickets persuaded some drivers not to enter the factory.

51. PECUNIARY (adj.) : धन-संबंधी

Pronunciation: puh·kyoo·nee·uh·ree **Meaning:** relating to or consisting of money. **Synonyms:** financial, monetary, economic **Antonym:** nonfinancial



Sentence: She denies obtaining a pecuniary advantage by deception.

52. ENMESHED (verb) : जाल में फंसना

Pronunciation: uhn mesht
Meaning: cause to become entangled in something.
Synonyms: entangle, ensnare, snare
Antonyms: disentangled, untangled, liberated
Sentence: The whales are caught by being enmeshed in nets.

53. COMMENSURATE (adj.) : अनुरूप

Pronunciation: kuh·men·suh·ruht **Meaning:** corresponding in size or degree; in proportion. **Synonyms:** equivalent, equal, corresponding **Antonym:** disproportionate **Sentence:** Six yards is <u>commensurate</u> with eighteen feet.

54. MODICUM (noun) : अल्पांश

Pronunciation: maw·duh·km
Meaning: a small quantity of a particular thing, especially something considered desirable or valuable.
Synonyms: little bit, a small amount, particle
Antonyms: abundance, bucket, bunch
Sentence: There's not even a modicum of truth in her statement.

55. GRATUITOUS (adj.) : ऐच्छिक

Pronunciation: gruh·tyoo·uh·tuhs **Meaning:** uncalled for; lacking good reason; unwarranted. **Synonyms:** unjustified, without reason, uncalled for **Antonyms:** essential, indispensable, necessary **Sentence:** There's too much crime and <u>gratuitous</u> violence on TV.

56. GUSTO (noun) : उत्साह

Pronunciation: guh·stoh
Meaning: enjoyment or vigor in doing something; zest.
Synonyms: enthusiasm, relish, appetite
Antonyms: lethargy, listlessness, sluggishness
Sentence: The orchestra played with a winning combination of gusto and precision.

57. VANTAGE (noun) : सहूलियत



Pronunciation: vaan·tuhj
Meaning: a place or position affording a good view of something.
Synonyms: viewpoint, standpoint, stance
Antonyms: detriment, stranglehold
Sentence: The whole dispute looked silly from my vantage point.

58. LAMBASTE (verb) : आलोचना करना

Pronunciation: lam·baste
Meaning: criticize (someone or something) harshly.
Synonyms: criticize, castigate, chastise
Antonyms: acclaim, commend, compliment
Sentence: The professor lambasted me for my careless mistake.



59. SYMPOSIUM (noun) : संगोष्ठी

Pronunciation: suhm·poze·ee·uhm
Meaning: a conference or meeting to discuss a particular subject.
Synonyms: assembly, conclave, congregation
Antonyms: division, lawlessness, fractionation
Sentence: He had been taking part in an international <u>symposium</u> on population.

60. DECRYING (verb) : निंदा

Pronunciation: duh·krai·uhng
Meaning: publicly denounce.
Synonyms: denounce, condemn, criticize
Antonyms: acclaiming, applauding, praising
Sentence: The prophets weren't decrying the ritual of the temple.

61. FORGERY (noun) : जालसाजी

Pronunciation: fawj·uh·ree

Meaning: the action of forging or producing a copy of a document, signature, banknote, or work of art.



Synonyms: counterfeiting, fraudulent copying, fraudulent imitation **Antonyms:** original, reality, truth **Sentence:** He spent 5 years in prison for <u>forgery</u>.

62. MALFEASANCE (noun) : दुराचार

Pronunciation: mal·fea·sance
Meaning: wrongdoing, especially by a public official.
Synonyms: misdoing, wrongdoing, crime
Antonyms: behavior, manners, obedience
Sentence: In almost every section of his speech, malfeasance or illegal practices were mentioned.

63. DISCRETIONARY (adj.) : वैकल्पिक

Pronunciation: duh·skri·shuh·nuh·ree
Meaning: available for use at the discretion of the user.
Synonyms: optional, non-compulsory, voluntary
Antonyms: compulsory, mandatory, nonelective
Sentence: The company used to give discretionary bonus payments.

64. RELEGATE (verb) : बाहर निकाल देना

Pronunciation: reh·luh·gayt
Meaning: consign or dismiss to an inferior rank or position.
Synonyms: downgrade, lower in rank, put down
Antonyms: ascent, rise, upswing
Sentence: They aim to prevent women from being <u>relegated</u> to a secondary role.

65. TURNCOAT (noun) : विश्वासघाती

Pronunciation: tuhn kote
Meaning: a person who deserts one party or cause in order to join an opposing one.
Synonyms: traitor, apostate, backstabber
Antonyms: allow, approve, come, continue
Sentence: He was publicly criticized as a <u>turncoat</u> and a traitor.

66. ADHERENT (noun) : समर्थक

Pronunciation: uhd heeuh ruhnt **Meaning:** someone who supports a particular party, person, or set of ideas. **Synonyms:** supporter, upholder, votary **Antonyms:** coryphaeus, leader **Sentence:** She has long been an adherent of the Communist Party.



67. GLIMMER (verb) : जगमगाना

Pronunciation: gli·muh
Meaning: shine faintly with a wavering light.
Synonyms: gleam, shine, glint
Antonyms: information, lot, heedlessness
Sentence: A glimmer of amusement showed in her eyes.

68. ANACHRONISTIC (adj.) : कालभ्रमित

Pronunciation: uh·na·kruh·ni·stuhk
Meaning: belonging to a period other than that being portrayed.
Synonyms: anachronous, antiquated, moldy
Antonyms: fresh, new, modern
Sentence: His painting style was seen as outdated and <u>anachronistic</u>.

69. REMITTANCE (noun) : भूगतान

Pronunciation: reh·muh·tns
Meaning: a sum of money sent, especially by mail, in payment for goods or services or as a gift.
Synonyms: payment, settlement, money
Antonyms: nonpayment, underpayment
Sentence: Your last month's salary will be paid by <u>remittance</u>.

70. GESTICULATE (verb) : इशारा करना

Pronunciation: jeh·sti·kyoo·layt
Meaning: use gestures, especially dramatic ones, instead of speaking or emphasizing one's words.
Synonyms: signal, gesture, pantomime
Antonyms: repose, rest
Sentence: He tried to gesticulate a message.



