

Exceptional words of English vocabulary from the newspaper 'The Hindu' are listed here.
Happy learning!!!

1. ONEROUS (ADJECTIVE): कठिन

Pronunciation: oh·nuh·ruhs

Meaning: difficult to endure.

Synonyms: tough, harsh, oppressive

Antonyms: easy, light, soft

Sentence: Their *onerous* errand completed; the men resumed their jobs.

2. SUBLIMINAL (ADJECTIVE): अचेतन

Pronunciation: suhb·li·muh·nuhl

Meaning: functioning outside the area of conscious awareness but acting to influence one's thoughts or feelings.

Synonyms: simple, unconscious, hidden

Antonyms: conscious, aware, explicit

Sentence: Colour has a profound, though often *subliminal* influence on our senses and moods.

3. QUIBBLE (VERB): विवाद करना

Pronunciation: kvi·bl

Meaning: to make often peevish criticisms or objections about matters that are minor, unimportant, or irrelevant.

Synonyms: complain, nitpick, fuss

Antonyms: applaud, commend

Sentence: His main weakness is to *quibble* over unimportant things.

4. CANDOR (NOUN): स्पष्ट वादिता

Pronunciation: kan·dur

Meaning: the free expression of one's true feelings and opinions.

Synonyms: directness, honesty, sincerity

Antonyms: indirection, dissimulation, dissembling

Sentence: An interview in which the members of the rock band speak with *candor* about their recent squabbling.

5. BENIGNITY (NOUN): सौम्यता

Pronunciation: be·nig·ni·ty

Meaning: sympathetic concern for the well-being of others.

Synonyms: kindness, tenderness, beneficence

Antonyms: cruelty, savagery, inhumanity

Sentence: The *benignity* and protectiveness of or befitting a father.

6. BUOYANT (ADJECTIVE): उत्साहित

Pronunciation: boy·uhnt

Meaning: having or showing a good mood or disposition.

Synonyms: cheerful, optimistic, bright

Antonyms: gloomy, sullen, morose

Sentence: Phil was in a *buoyant* mood.

7. LACKEY (NOUN): नौकर

Pronunciation: lack·ey

Meaning: a person hired to perform household or personal services.

Synonyms: servant, flunkey, steward

Antonyms: master, boss, leader

Sentence: We sent the *lackey* out to get doughnuts for the office.

8. OBSERVANCE (NOUN): पालन

Pronunciation: uhb·zuh·uhns

Meaning: the following of a custom, rule, or law.

Synonyms: adherence, compliance, observation

Antonyms: violation, breach, infringement

Sentence: The *observance* of this family tradition would make your grandmother very happy.

9. LARCENY (NOUN): चोरी

Pronunciation: laa·suh·nee

Meaning: the unlawful taking and carrying away of property without the consent of its owner.

Synonyms: robbery, stealing, theft

Antonyms: restitution, return, reimbursement

Sentence: Dukes pleaded guilty to attempted grand *larceny* last month.

10. CHICANERY (NOUN): चालाकी

Pronunciation: shuh·kayn·uh·ree

Meaning: the use of clever underhanded actions to achieve an end.

Synonyms: deception, treachery, skullduggery

Antonyms: sincerity, artlessness, forthrightness

Sentence: The investigation revealed political *chicanery* and corruption at the highest levels.

11. LACHRYMOSE (ADJECTIVE): रोना

Pronunciation: la·kruh·mose

Meaning: given to expressing strong emotion (as sorrow) by readily shedding tears.

Synonyms: tearful, weeping, crying

Antonyms: smiling, laughing, grinning

Sentence: He is better known for his *lachrymose* ballads than hard rock numbers.

12. LACONIC (ADJECTIVE): संक्षिप्त

Pronunciation: luh·kaw·nuhk

Meaning: marked by the use of few words to convey much information or meaning.

Synonyms: concise, brief, summary

Antonyms: prolix, verbose, wordy

Sentence: The sportscasters colour commentary tends to be *laconic* but very much to the point.

13. SHRILLED (VERB): चिल्लाना

Pronunciation: shrill-ed

Meaning: to cry out loudly and emotionally.

Synonyms: screamed, squealed, yelled

Antonyms: whispered, muttered, murmured

Sentence: 'I hate you!' she *shrilled*.

14. VULNERABLE (ADJECTIVE): असुरक्षित

Pronunciation: vuh·nuh·ray·bl

Meaning: being in a situation where one is likely to meet with harm.

Synonyms: susceptible, sensitive, exposed

Antonyms: invulnerable, unexposed, protected

Sentence: You must try not to appear *vulnerable*.

15. AVERTING (VERB): टालना

Pronunciation: uh·vuht·uhng

Meaning: to keep from happening by taking action in advance.

Synonyms: preventing, forestalling, avoiding

Antonyms: assisting, aiding, facilitating

Sentence: Pre-emption was the only method of *averting* defeat.

16. INTREPID (ADJECTIVE): निडर

Pronunciation: uhn·treh·puhd

Meaning: feeling or displaying no fear by temperament.

Synonyms: courageous, brave, fearless

Antonyms: timorous, timid, fearful

Sentence: An *intrepid* explorer who probed parts of the rain forest never previously attempted.

17. EMISSARY (NOUN): दूत

Pronunciation: eh·muh·suh·ree

Meaning: a person sent on a mission to represent another.

Synonyms: ambassador, envoy, representative

Antonyms: antagonist, recipient

Sentence: He had been engaged in *emissary* activity before he was discovered.

18. APLOMB (NOUN): आत्मविश्वास

Pronunciation: uh·plawm

Meaning: evenness of emotions or temper

Synonyms: composure, sangfroid, calmness
Antonyms: agitation, concern, perturbation
Sentence: He delivered the speech with his usual *aplomb*.

19. EXHORT (VERB): प्रोत्साहित करना

Pronunciation: uhg·zawt
Meaning: to try to persuade (someone) through earnest appeals to follow a course of action.
Synonyms: urge, encourage, nudge
Antonyms: discourage, deter, check
Sentence: The essay *exhorts* women to cast off their servitude to husbands and priests.

20. CONVALESCE (VERB): ठीक होना

Pronunciation: kaw·vuh·les·uhnt
Meaning: to become healthy and strong again after illness or weakness.
Synonyms: recover, recuperate, heal
Antonyms: decline, collapse, fail
Sentence: She went to the seaside to *convalesce* after her stay in hospital.

21. EVOKE (VERB): आह्वान

Pronunciation: uh·voke
Meaning: bring or recall to the conscious mind.
Synonyms: bring to mind, call to mind, put one in mind of
Antonyms: disregard, forget, ignore
Sentence: The old house *evoked* memories of his childhood.

22. SCRUTINIZE (VERB): जाँचना

Pronunciation: scru·ti·nize
Meaning: to look over closely (as for judging quality or condition).
Synonyms: examine, review, scan
Antonyms: skim, miss, glance (at or over)
Sentence: The project's time constraints make it impossible for the programmers

to *scrutinize* every line of code, so some bugs should be expected.

23. EXIGENT (ADJECTIVE): अत्यावश्यक

Pronunciation: ek·suh·juhnt
Meaning: needing immediate attention.
Synonyms: urgent, acute, dire
Antonyms: minor, incidental, trivial
Sentence: So, it is an important and *exigent* problem to estimate the software project size.

24. SHOVEL (VERB): खोदना

Pronunciation: shuh·vl
Meaning: to hollow out or form (something) by removing earth.
Synonyms: dig, excavate, dredge
Antonyms: fill (in), smooth
Sentence: She dug the foundation with a pick and *shovel*.

25. GENIAL (ADJECTIVE): मिलनसार

Pronunciation: ge·nial
Meaning: having an easygoing and pleasing manner especially in social situations.
Synonyms: gracious, pleasant, nice
Antonyms: disagreeable, unpleasant, ungracious
Sentence: A *genial* host who makes a point of speaking personally to every guest.

26. UNCANNY (ADJECTIVE): अलौकिक

Pronunciation: uhn·ka·nee
Meaning: strange or mysterious, especially in an unsettling way.
Synonyms: eerie, unnatural, preternatural
Antonyms: common, expected, natural
Sentence: His powers of observation were *uncanny*.

27. ENTAILING (VERB): शामिल करना

Pronunciation: uhn·tayl·uhng

Meaning: involve (something) as a necessary or inevitable part or consequence.

Synonyms: necessitate, make necessary, require

Antonyms: Aviod, Exclude

Sentence: The journey will *entail* changing trains twice.

28. JOSTLE (VERB): धक्का देना

Pronunciation: jaw·sl

Meaning: push, elbow, or bump against (someone) roughly, typically in a crowd.

Synonyms: bump into, knock into, bang into

Antonyms: leave alone, pull

Sentence: Don't *jostle* against me!

29. BLATANT (ADJECTIVE): स्पष्ट

Pronunciation: blay·tnt

Meaning: (of bad behavior) done openly and unashamedly.

Synonyms: flagrant, glaring, undisguised

Antonyms: Subtle, Concealed, Indirect

Sentence: Despite their *blatant* attraction to each other they try to stay just friends.

30. DOLOROUS (ADJECTIVE): दर्दनाक

Pronunciation: daw·luh·ruhs

Meaning: feeling or expressing great sorrow or distress.

Synonyms: mournful, woeful, doleful

Antonyms: cheery, happy, hopeful

Sentence: The *dolorous* film made me recall sad times.

31. PERTINENT (ADJECTIVE): उचित

Pronunciation: per·ti·nent

Meaning: relevant or applicable to a particular matter.

Synonyms: relevant, appropriate, apposite

Antonyms: irrelevant, Unrelated, Inappropriate

Sentence: He asked me a lot of very *pertinent* questions.

32. PERUSAL (NOUN): अध्ययन

Pronunciation: puh·roo·zuhl

Meaning: the action of reading or examining something.

Synonyms: reading, scrutiny, inspection

Antonyms: ignorance, neglect, heedlessness

Sentence: I continued my *perusal* of the instructions.

33. THUD (VERB): गिरना

Pronunciation: thud

Meaning: move, fall, or strike something with a dull, heavy sound.

Synonyms: thump, clunk, clump

Antonyms: Miss, Glide

Sentence: The bullets *thudded* into the dusty ground.

34. OMNISCIENT (ADJECTIVE): सर्वज्ञ

Pronunciation: om-NISH-uhnt

Meaning: knowing everything.

Synonyms: all-knowing, all-wise, all-seeing

Antonyms: stupid, dumb, ignorant

Sentence: The story is told by an *omniscient* narrator.

35. REPUDIATE (VERB): अस्वीकार करना

Pronunciation: ri-PYOO-dee-ayt

Meaning: refuse to accept or be associated with.

Synonyms: reject, renounce, abandon

Antonyms: accept, affirm, embrace

Sentence: She has *repudiated* policies associated with previous party leaders.

36. QUOTIDIAN (ADJECTIVE): दैनिक

Pronunciation: kwoh-TID-ee-uhn

Meaning: of or occurring every day; daily.

Synonyms: daily, regular, diurnal

Antonyms: monthly, weekly, yearly

Sentence: Television has become part of our *quotidian* existence.

37. BALDERDASH (NOUN): बकवास

Pronunciation: BAWL-der-dash

Meaning: senseless talk or writing; nonsense.

Synonyms: nonsense, gibberish, claptrap

Antonyms: sensibleness, discernment

Sentence: Every word that came out of the drunk man's mouth was *balderdash*.

38. LUGUBRIOUS (ADJECTIVE): शोकाकुल

Pronunciation: loo-GOO-bree-uhs

Meaning: looking or sounding sad and dismal.

Synonyms: mournful, gloomy, sad

Antonyms: delighted, exulting, glorying

Sentence: His face looked even more *lugubrious* than usual.

39. CAMARADERIE (NOUN): भाई-चारा

Pronunciation: kam-uh-RAH-duh-ree

Meaning: mutual trust and friendship among people who spend a lot of time together.

Synonyms: friendship, comradeship, fellowship

Antonyms: forlornness, loneliness, lonesomeness

Sentence: The *camaraderie* among fellow employees made the tedious work just bearable.

40. ESTRANGEMENT (NOUN): मनमुटाव

Pronunciation: ih-STRAYNJ-muhnt

Meaning: the fact of no longer being on friendly terms or part of a social group.

Synonyms: antipathy, disaffection, hostility

Antonyms: reconciliation, reconciliation

Sentence: They finally came together after years of *estrangement*.

41. HANKER (VERB): लालायित होना

Pronunciation: han·ker

Meaning: feel a strong desire for or to do something.

Synonyms: yearn, crave, desire

Antonyms: abhor, abominate, despise

Sentence: What did you *hanker* after most when you were in prison?

42. INUNDATION (NOUN): सैलाब

Pronunciation: i·nuhn·day·shn

Meaning: a great flow of water or of something that overwhelms.

Synonyms: overflow, deluge, torrent

Antonyms: drought, dribble, drip

Sentence: The family's shed was washed away in the last *inundation*.

43. FUTILITY (NOUN): निरर्थकता

Pronunciation: fyoo·til·uh·tee

Meaning: pointlessness or uselessness.

Synonyms: fruitlessness, vanity, pointlessness

Antonyms: use, usefulness, utility

Sentence: The sheer *futility* of it all exasperates her.

44. VAINGLORIOUS (ADJECTIVE): गुमानी

Pronunciation: vayn·glaw·ree·uhs

Meaning: excessively proud of oneself or one's achievements; overly vain.

Synonyms: assured, biggety, complacent

Antonyms: egoless, humble, modest

Sentence: The *vainglorious* trainer spent more flexing his muscles than he did helping build his client's.

45. STEADFASTLY (ADVERB): लगातार

Pronunciation: sted·faast·lee

Meaning: in a resolutely or dutifully firm and unwavering manner.

Synonyms: continuously, steadily

Antonyms: indolently, desultorily

Sentence: She was *steadfastly* in support of women's rights.

46. STUTTER (VERB): हकलाना

Pronunciation: stuh·tuh

Meaning: talk with continued involuntary repetition of sounds, especially initial consonants.

Synonyms: stammer, speak haltingly

Antonyms: enunciate, pronounce

Sentence: I used to *stutter* when I was a child.

47. AVOWAL (NOUN): घोषणा-पत्र

Pronunciation: uh·vau·uhl

Meaning: a solemn and often public declaration of the truth or existence of something.

Synonyms: affirmation, assertion, asseveration

Antonyms: disavowal, denial

Sentence: The press carried his *avowal* throughout the country.

48. UNBRIDLED (ADJECTIVE): निरंकुश

Pronunciation: uhn·brai·dld

Meaning: uncontrolled; unconstrained.

Synonyms: unrestrained, unconstrained, uncontrolled

Antonyms: bridled, constrained, controlled

Sentence: This case was solved only because of one detective's *unbridled* determination to bring the killer to justice.

49. NONPLUSSED (ADJECTIVE): भौचक

Pronunciation: nawn·pluhst

Meaning: (of a person) surprised and confused so much that they are unsure how to react.

Synonyms: confused, bewildered, bemused

Antonyms: undaunted, unfazed,

Sentence: I was completely *nonplussed* by his sudden appearance.

50. PRATTLING (VERB): बकवास

Pronunciation: pra·tuhl·uhng

Meaning: talk at length in a foolish or inconsequential way.

Synonyms: chatter, babble, prate

Antonyms: articulating, enunciating

Sentence: The villagers are *prattling* on about the village gossip.

51. FILIBUSTER (VERB): बाधा

Pronunciation: fil·i·bus·ter

Meaning: prolonged speech used to delay legislative action.

Synonyms: obstruct, delay, stonewall

Antonyms: cloture, expedition, advancement

Sentence: Opponents of the bill threatened to *filibuster* its final stages.

52. JEJUNE (ADJECTIVE): निरस / बचकाना

Pronunciation: juh·joon

Meaning: naive, simplistic, and dull.

Synonyms: naïve, simple, innocent

Antonyms: interesting, exciting

Sentence: She made *jejune* remarks about life and art.

53. FACETIOUS (ADJECTIVE): हासकर

Pronunciation: fuh·see·shuhs

Meaning: treating serious issues with deliberately inappropriate humor

Synonyms: Jocular, funny, Genial

Antonyms: stupid, witless, lame

Sentence: He was so *facetious* that he turned everything into a joke.

54. DELETERIOUS (ADJECTIVE): हानिकारक

Pronunciation: deh·luh·teeuh·ree·uhs

Meaning: causing harm or damage.

Synonyms: dangerous, harmful, infectious

Antonyms: beneficial, advantageous, harmless

Sentence: These drugs have a proven *deleterious* effect on the nervous system.

55. CIRCUMSPECT (ADJECTIVE): चौकन्ना

Pronunciation: suh·kuhm·spekt

Meaning: having or showing a close attentiveness to avoiding danger or trouble.

Synonyms: cautious, careful, alert

Antonyms: careless, reckless, impulsive

Sentence: She is very *circumspect* when dealing with strangers.

56. AVERSION (NOUN): घृणा

Pronunciation: uh·vuh·zhn

Meaning: a strong dislike or disinclination.

Synonyms: disgust, hatred, dislike

Antonyms: liking, fondness, attraction

Sentence: He has a strong *aversion* to dogs.

57. ENERVATE (VERB): कमजोर

Pronunciation: ener·vate

Meaning: cause (someone) to feel drained of energy or vitality; weaken.

Synonyms: undermine, weaken, exhaust

Antonyms: stimulate, energize, invigorate

Sentence: The hot sun *enervated* her to the point of collapse.

58. OBJURGATE (VERB): निंदा करना

Pronunciation: ob·jur·gate

Meaning: to express public or formal disapproval of.

Synonyms: rebuke, reprimand, scold

Antonyms: applaud, honor, endorse

Sentence: The old man *objurgated* his son.

59. INCIPIENT (ADJECTIVE): प्रारंभिक

Pronunciation: uhn·si·pee·uhnt

Meaning: in an initial stage; beginning to happen or develop.

Synonyms: nascent, first, preliminary

Antonyms: mature, adult, developed

Sentence: John's *incipient* school problems were nipped in the bud.

60. GRUMPY (ADJECTIVE): चिड़चिड़ा

Pronunciation: gruhmp·ee

Meaning: bad-tempered and irritable.

Synonyms: irritable, grouchy, fiery

Antonyms: cheerful, pleasant, amiable

Sentence: Don't be so *grumpy* and cynical about it.