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Exceptional words of English vocabulary from the newspaper 'The Hindu' are listed here. Go through these words and read the usages to learn how to use them in sentences. After this, take the quiz based on the vocabulary to check how much you learnt. This will really help you boost up your learning.

Happy learning!!!

1. LARGESSE (noun) – उदारता

Pronunciation: laa•jes

Meaning: generosity in bestowing money or gifts upon others

Synonyms: generosity, liberality, munificence, bounty, benefaction, altruism, charity

Antonyms: meanness, miserliness, unkindness

Usage: The largesse provided by local corporations will support the building of a

neighborhood park.

2. BEGUILE (verb) - मोहित करना, छल करना

Pronunciation: buh • gail

Meaning: charm or enchant, often in a deceptive way

Synonyms: charm, attract, enchant, woo, captivate, bewitch

Antonyms: repel, disenchant, repulse

Usage: The realtor hoped to <u>beguile</u> buyers by decorating the house with fancy

furnishings.

3. COMPLIANT (adjective) – आज्ञाकारी

Pronunciation: kuhm•plai•uhnt

Meaning: observing the requirements and rules

Synonyms: obedient, docile, flexible, willing, manageable, submissive, tractable

Antonyms: inflexible, obstinate, stubborn

Usage: The teacher was shocked when her normally rebellious class became <u>compliant</u>.

4. STIFF (adjective) – कठोर

Pronunciation: stif

Meaning: physically inflexible or hard

Synonyms: hard, inflexible, rigid, solid, stark

Antonyms: bending, flexible, soft

Usage: After running a marathon the day before, Kennedy woke to stiff muscles so rigid

and strained she could barely move.



5. IMBROGLIO (noun) – उलझन

Pronunciation: uhm•brow•lee•ow **Meaning:** a confusing situation

Synonyms: complication, confusion, complexity, problem, difficulty, trouble,

entanglement

Antonyms: simplicity, clarity, ease

Usage: Perhaps the professor's explanation will allow me to make sense of this scientific

imbroglio.

6. COMRADE (noun) – साथी

Pronunciation: kom•reid

Meaning: one who shares an experience or duty

Synonyms: ally, buddy, colleague, companion, compatriot, confidant, crony

Antonyms: foe, opponent, rival

Usage: Because the detective knew he could trust his comrade to watch his back, he was

not afraid to enter a dangerous situation.

7. LATITUDE (noun) – स्वतंत्रता, छूट, ढील

Pronunciation: la • tuh • chood

Meaning: scope for freedom of action or thought

Synonyms: freedom, scope, leeway, elbow room, breathing space, liberty

Antonyms: constraint, restriction

Usage: Pupils enjoy considerable <u>latitude</u> in deciding what they want to study.

8. BONHOMIE (noun) – खुशमिज़ाजी, अच्छा स्वभाव

Pronunciation: bo•no•mee **Meaning:** cheerful friendliness

Synonyms: geniality, conviviality, affability, amiability, friendliness

Antonym: coldness

Usage: She radiates undying bonhomie.

9. DENIGRATE (verb) - बदनाम करना

Pronunciation: deni•gr•eit Meaning: criticize unfairly

Synonyms: disparage, belittle, diminish, deprecate, roast

Antonyms: commend, compliment



Usage: Bullies often denigrate others to hide their own feelings of worthlessness.

10. PRISTINE (adjective) – बेदाग

Pronunciation: pri•steen

Meaning: clean and fresh as if new

Synonyms: spotless, immaculate, perfect, unspoiled, flawless, clean, fresh

Antonyms: dirty, sullied

Usage: My uncle's antique car is <u>pristine</u> and has all its original parts.

11. IMPERCEPTIBLE (adjective) - अप्रत्यक्ष, अगोचर

Pronunciation: im·puh·sep·tuh·bl

Meaning: impossible or difficult to perceive

Synonyms: unnoticeable, invisible, minute, indistinguishable, indiscernible, unapparent,

microscopic

Antonyms: apparent, obvious, noticeable **Usage:** The transition is almost imperceptible

12. HAUL (verb) - बलपूर्वक खींचना

Pronunciation: hawl

Meaning: to use effort to transport something **Synonyms:** drag, pull, tug, heave, hump, tow, lug

Antonyms: push, drop, lower

Usage: It took several men to <u>haul</u> the fallen tree out of our yard.

13. CONVOKE (verb) – सभा बुलाना

Pronunciation: kuhn·vowk

Meaning: to call together or summon a meeting

Synonyms: convene, summon, call, cite, order, muster, assemble

Antonyms: separate, scatter, disperse

Usage: The chairman decided to <u>convoke</u> a meeting to discuss the company's budget issue.

14. ETHICAL (adjective) – नैतिक

Pronunciation: eh·thuh·kl

Meaning: morally correct or acceptable

Synonyms: moral, righteous, virtuous, principled, honest, proper, noble

Antonym: immoral

Usage: He was known for being ethical in all of his dealings, which made him easy to

trust.



15. EXTRICATE (verb) – मुक्त करना

Pronunciation: ek·struh·keit

Meaning: to free or remove something or someone

Synonyms: extract, free, release, disentangle, remove, withdraw, loosen

Antonyms: entangle, confine

Usage: The soldiers used a detailed plan to extricate their commanding officer from the

terrorists.

16. STARDOM (noun) - प्रसिद्धि

Pronunciation: staa.dm

Meaning: the condition of being extremely famous

Synonyms: fame, acclaim, prestige, glory, popularity, prominence, recognition

Antonyms: obscurity, unimportance, lowliness

Usage: The actor's <u>stardom</u> is so widespread he can't leave home without being

recognized.

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17. ADORN (verb) – सँवारना

Pronunciation: uh·dawn

Meaning: make more beautiful or attractive

Synonyms: embellish, decorate, furnish, ornament, enhance, beautify, grace, garnish

Antonyms: disfigure, deform

Usage: Several of Gemma's paintings <u>adorn</u> the walls.

18. WIT (noun) – हाजिरजवाबी

Pronunciation: wit

Meaning: verbal skill that can evoke laughter

Synonyms: humor, repartee, badinage, banter, wordplay, raillery, pun



Antonyms: seriousness, stupidity, sadness **Usage:** His sharp <u>wit</u> had them all smiling.

19. THUNDEROUS (adjective) – गरजनदार

Pronunciation: thuhn·duh·ruhs

Meaning: extremely loud

Synonyms: deafening, loud, roaring, shout, thundering

Antonyms: quiet, silent, soothing

Usage: They greeted him with <u>thunderous</u> applause.

20. GIGANTIC (adjective) - भीमकाय

Pronunciation: jai·gan·tuhk **Meaning:** huge or enormous

Synonyms: huge, enormous, vast, giant, massive, humongous, mountainous

Antonyms: dwarf, little

Usage: That building is gigantic.

21.MODERATION (noun) - संयम

Pronunciation: mo·duh·rei·shn

Meaning: the avoidance of excess or extremes

Synonyms: restraint, fairness, patience, temperance, constraint, balance

Antonyms: extremism, intemperance, unlimitedness

Usage: Eating fatty foods is acceptable as long as you do it in moderation without

overdoing it.

22.COLLECTIVE (adjective) - सामूहिक

Pronunciation: kuh·lek·tuhv

Meaning: done by people acting as a group

Synonyms: composite, concerted, corporate, cumulative, mutual, shared, unified

Antonyms: separate, unshared, disjoint **Usage:** The invention is a <u>collective</u> effort.

23. PITH (noun) - सार

Pronunciation: pith

Meaning: the essence of something

Synonyms: essence, crux, core, heart, center, gist, substance

Antonyms: exteriority, enervation, exterior

Usage: The <u>pith</u> of his speech was focused on the importance of education.



24. GOODLY (adjective) – विशाल

Pronunciation: gud·lee

Meaning: considerable in size or quantity

Synonyms: sizeable, substantial, considerable, respectable, significant

Antonyms: paltry, small

Usage: A goodly portion of this land is valuable property near Austin, the capital of Texas.

25. CREDIBLE (adjective) - विश्वसनीय

Pronunciation: kreh·duh·bl **Meaning:** able to be believed

Synonyms: acceptable, trustworthy, reliable, dependable, sure, good, valid

Antonyms: untrustworthy, incredible

Usage: They haven't produced any <u>credible</u> evidence for convicting the jury.

26. CONSPICUOUS (adjective) – स्स्पष्ट, सहजदृश्य

Pronunciation: kuhn·spi·kyoo·uhs

Meaning: clearly visible

Synonyms: noticeable, observable, discernible, perceptible, clear, detectable, prominent

Antonyms: hidden, unnoticeable, indistinct

Usage: The notice must be displayed in a <u>conspicuous</u> place.

27. INTERMINABLE (adjective) – अनंत, अपार

Pronunciation: uhn·tuh·muh·nuh·bl

Meaning: seemingly endless

Synonyms: endless, unending, everlasting, ceaseless, unceasing

Antonyms: limited, brief, terminable

Usage: Luckily for the gallery, the artist's creativity was <u>interminable</u>.

28. MIFFED (verb, noun) – नाराज़, परेशान

Pronunciation: mift

Meaning: to be irritated and upset

Synonyms: displeased, annoyed, irritated, offended, pained, resentful

Antonyms: happy, pleased

Usage: When the paperboy continued to throw the newspaper into the puddle of water, the

owner was miffed at the thoughtless boy.

29. OSTENSIBLE (adjective) – तथाकथित

Pronunciation: o·sten·suh·bl

Meaning: stated or appearing to be true, but not necessarily so



Synonyms: apparent, seeming, outward, alleged, supposed

Antonyms: real, genuine

Usage: While Jerry is the <u>ostensible</u> author of this amendment, there is some question of

who actually deserves credit for the idea.

30. THEATRICAL (adjective) – मंचीय, नाटकीय

Pronunciation: thee ·a · truh · kl

Meaning: pertaining to drama or the performing arts

Synonyms: dramatic, staged, exaggerated, thespian, histrionic

Antonyms: natural, unaffected, real

Usage: Acting with an amateur <u>theatrical</u> group can be fun.

31. COMMENCEMENT (noun) – प्रारंभ

Pronunciation: kuh·men·smuhnt **Meaning:** the beginning of something

Synonyms: beginning, start, opening, outset, onset, launch, inception

Antonyms: conclusion, end, finish

Usage: Some courses have an early <u>commencement</u> date.

32. IMMINENT (adjective) – अभी होने वाला

Pronunciation: i·muh·nuhnt **Meaning:** about to happen

Synonyms: impending, close, near, approaching, coming, forthcoming

Antonyms: distant, later, remote

Usage: When the Secret Service arrived, everyone knew the president's arrival was

imminent.

33. EXPEDIENT (adjective) – उचित

Pronunciation: uhk·spee·dee·uhnt **Meaning:** suitable to the circumstances

Synonyms: appropriate, advantageous, suitable, desirable, feasible, practical, effective

Antonyms: disadvantageous, impossible, inappropriate **Usage:** It is expedient to reduce unnecessary expenditure.

34. AKIN (adjective) - समान, बराबर

Pronunciation: uk·in

Meaning: of similar character

Synonyms: similar, related, close, alike, comparable

Antonyms: unlike, dissimilar, unrelated



Usage: To the nature lover, the sound of the birds chirping is akin to charming music.

35. STUPENDOUS (adjective) – अति विशाल

Pronunciation: styoo pen duhs **Meaning:** extremely impressive

Synonyms: amazing, astounding, astonishing, extraordinary, remarkable, wonderful,

prodigious

Antonyms: ordinary, standard

Usage: The store did not expect a stupendous throng of customers to line up around the

building.

36. HECTIC (adjective) – व्यस्त

Pronunciation: hek-tuhk

Meaning: full of incessant or frantic activity

Synonyms: frantic, turbulent, chaotic, exciting, restless

Antonyms: leisurely, quiet, calm

Usage: Once Jack started managing two jobs, his days became rather hectic.

37. TELEVISE (verb) – दूरदर्शन पर प्रसारित करना

Pronunciation: tel·uh·vahyz **Meaning:** transmit by television

Synonyms: broadcast, telecast, air, transmit, screen

Antonyms: hide, suppress, conceal

Usage: Broadcasting networks always televise the boxing matches so that people can

watch the fights from their couches.

38. ETERNAL (adjective) – अनन्त, सनातन

Pronunciation: uh·tuh·nuhl **Meaning:** never ending

Synonyms: endless, everlasting, endless, perpetual, infinite

Antonyms: transient, ceasing, ending

Usage: Although some people think that the sun is an eternal object, many scientists

believe the star will eventually die out.

39. ERUDITION (noun) - विद्वता, पांडित्य

Pronunciation: eh·ruh·di·shn

Meaning: the quality of having or showing great knowledge or learning

Synonyms: learning, scholarship, knowledge, education, intellect, attainments

Antonyms: ignorance, inexperience



Usage: The professor's erudition came from long years of study.

40. ASTOUND (verb) – हक्का बक्का

Pronunciation: uh-stawnd

Meaning: shock or greatly surprise

Synonyms: amaze, astonish, stagger, surprise, startle, stun, confound, dumbfound, stupefy,

daze

Antonyms: refrain, defend, dullness

Usage: The illusionist's show is sure to <u>astound</u> everyone in the audience.



41. PROLIFERATE (verb) - संख्या में बढ़ना

Pronunciation: pruh·li·fuh·reit **Meaning:** increase in number

Synonyms: multiply, propagate, burgeon, snowball, escalate

Antonyms: decrease, dwindle, lessen

Usage: Health food shops <u>proliferate</u> in this region.

42. GLEE (noun) – उल्लास

Pronunciation: glee **Meaning:** great delight

Synonyms: delight, pleasure, happiness, joy, elation, cheerfulness, exhilaration

Antonyms: gloom, disappointment

Usage: Smiling with glee, the child unwrapped his birthday gift.

43. INCREDULOUS (adjective) – अविश्वासी

Pronunciation: in kreh dyoo luhs

Meaning: unwilling or unable to believe something

Synonyms: disbelieving, suspicious, questioning, doubtful, dubious, unbelieving,

unconvinced



Antonyms: credulous, believing, certain

Usage: Miriam's envious friends were incredulous about her engagement to a wealthy

doctor.

44. NASCENT (adjective) – नवजात, अपरिपक्व

Pronunciation: na·snt

Meaning: recently formed or started

Synonyms: budding, developing, growing, embryonic, incipient, young, fledgling

Antonyms: developed, grown, mature

Usage: Since the nascent restaurant has only been open for two weeks, it does not have

printed copies of its menu yet.

45. PROBABLE (adjective) – संभावित

Pronunciation: pro·buh·bl **Meaning:** likely but not certain

Synonyms: apparent, likely credible, feasible, plausible, possible, presumed, reasonable

Antonyms: improbable, unlikely, impossible

Usage: The probable cause of the fire was faulty wiring.

46. VISIONARY (noun) – दूरदर्शी

Pronunciation: vi·zhuh·nuh·ree

Meaning: a person with original ideas about the future **Synonyms:** dreamer, idealist, prophet, seer, theorist, zealot

Antonyms: realist, practical

Usage: Jim was a <u>visionary</u> leader who had the foresight to lead our company in a

profitable direction for many years.

47. LURE (verb) - प्रलोभित करना

Pronunciation: luor

Meaning: to tempt a person or an animal to do something **Synonyms:** tempt, entice, attract, induce, persuade, inveigle

Antonyms: deter, repel, offend

Usage: The kidnapper was able to <u>lure</u> the small child into his van by offering him candy.

48. PIVOTAL (adjective) - कंद्रीय, आधारभूत

Pronunciation: pi·vuh·tl

Meaning: of crucial significance

Synonyms: central, climactic, critical, crucial, decisive, essential

Antonyms: inessential, minor, secondary



Usage: As soon as the <u>pivotal</u> character of the film died, I grew bored with the movie and left the theater.

49. DEMURE (adjective) – संकोची

Pronunciation: duh · myuor

Meaning: reserved, modest, and shy

Synonyms: modest, meek, mild, reserved, retiring, quiet, shy, bashful

Antonyms: shameless, bold

Usage: The princess was a <u>demure</u> woman who hated being in the spotlight.

50. BEWILDER (verb) – उलझन में डालना

Pronunciation: buh·wil·duh

Meaning: cause someone to become perplexed and confused

Synonyms: baffle, mystify, bemuse, perplex, puzzle, confuse, confound

Antonyms: enlighten

Usage: Those shifting attitudes bewilder me.

51. PRESUMPTUOUS (adjective) - धृष्ट, बेअदब

Pronunciation: pruh·zuhmp·tyoo·uhs

Meaning: failing to observe the limits of what is permitted or appropriate **Synonyms:** brazen, overconfident, arrogant, egotistical, bold, audacious

Antonyms: timid, unassuming, humble, modest

Usage: Despite the fact my uncle believed he was entitled to everything, he was not a

presumptuous man.

52. FOE (noun) – शत्रु, दुश्मन

Pronunciation: foh

Meaning: an enemy or opponent

Synonyms: enemy, adversary, opponent, rival, nemesis, challenger, competitor

Antonyms: ally, friend, supporter

Usage: The two countries have united against their common <u>foe</u>.

53. RELENT (verb) – नरम पड़ना, कोमल होना

Pronunciation: ri-lent

Meaning: become less severe or intense

Synonyms: acquiesce, soften, capitulate, quit, relax, slacken, subside

Antonyms: harden, strengthen, worsen

Usage: The rain did not relent, and even seemed to be enhanced at times.



54. ALOOF (adjective) – अलग, पृथक

Pronunciation: uh loof **Meaning:** cool and distant

Synonyms: detached, distant, haughty, indifferent, standoffish, unresponsive

Antonyms: familiar, friendly, sympathetic

Usage: The aloof princess stood in a corner alone.

55. MAGNATE (noun) - धनाढ्य, प्रभावशाली व्यक्ति

Pronunciation: mag·neit

Meaning: a wealthy and influential business person

Synonyms: aristocrat, capitalist, financier, merchant, mogul, tycoon

Antonyms: nonentity, unknown, nobody

Usage: My grandfather was considered a very influential and wealthy oil magnate.

56. SURLY (adjective) – असभ्य

Pronunciation: suh·lee

Meaning: bad-tempered and unfriendly

Synonyms: ill-natured, grumpy, glum, crotchety, prickly, irascible, testy

Antonyms: kind, nice, polite

Usage: He became <u>surly</u> and rude towards me.

57. SWAY (noun) - बोलबाला

Pronunciation: swei

Meaning: strong influence or control

Synonyms: influence, authority, control, command, dominion, power, domination

Antonyms: inability, inefficiency, powerlessness

Usage: Many countries have held <u>sway</u> over others through occupation.

58. TEMPORAL (adjective) - लौकिक

Pronunciation: tem·puh·ruhl

Meaning: associated with the real world and not the spiritual world

Synonyms: earthly, materialistic, physical, mortal, secular, worldly, profane

Antonyms: spiritual, immaterial, mental

Usage: The monk's commitment requires him to ignore the temporal pleasures of the

world.

59. CONSTRUE (verb) – समझाना

Pronunciation: kuhn·stroo

Meaning: to clarify what something means

Synonyms: interpret, understand, parse, render, analyse, explain, elucidate



Antonyms: misunderstand, cloud, confuse

Usage: We were all amazed by the detective's ability to construe logic out of the killer's

strange riddle.

60. FOPPISH (adjective) - आडंबरप्रिय

Pronunciation: fo puhsh

Meaning: affecting extreme elegance in dress and manner

Synonyms: dandified, dapper, dressy, spruce, affected, preening

Antonyms: modest, dowdy, unaffected

Usage: He is <u>foppish</u> and vain.

61. UMPTEEN (adjective) - अनेक

Pronunciation: uhmp·teen **Meaning:** indefinitely many

Synonyms: countless, numerous, innumerable, untold, myriad, divers

Antonyms: few, limited

Usage: He has produced <u>umpteen</u> books, plays and television series.

62. HOLLER (verb) - चिल्लाना

Pronunciation: ho·luh

Meaning: give a loud shout or cry

Synonyms: shout, yell, cry, call, roar, howl, vociferate

Antonyms: whisper, mumble

Usage: Then they turn around and holler against federal regulation in the marketplace.

63. PHENOMENAL (adjective) – अद्भूत, असाधारण

Pronunciation: fuh·no·muh·nuhl **Meaning:** extremely remarkable

Synonyms: astounding, remarkable, extraordinary, fantastic, marvelous, outstanding,

prodigious

Antonyms: insignificant, ordinary, usual

Usage: After seeing the play, the critics praised the young actor on his <u>phenomenal</u> talent.

64. SPUNKY (adjective) – साहसी

Pronunciation: spuhng·kee

Meaning: courageous and determined

Synonyms: brave, courageous, fearless, enthusiastic, energetic, spirited, chirpy

Antonyms: fearful, timid, afraid



Usage: <u>Spunky</u> and full of spirit, the little girl is known for always doing things that others are afraid to do.

65. COUNTERFEIT (adjective) - नक़ली

Pronunciation: kawn·tuh·fuht

Meaning: a fake version of an original item

Synonyms: fake, simulated, copied, forged, sham, spurious, bogus, imitation

Antonyms: actual, authentic, real

Usage: The man was arrested for making <u>counterfeit</u> money.

66. NOMINAL (adjective) – नाममात्र

Pronunciation: no·muh·nuhl **Meaning:** incredibly small

Synonyms: insignificant, minimal, small, inconsiderable, minuscule

Antonyms: important, significant, considerable **Usage:** They charge a <u>nominal</u> fee for the service.

67. SALVATION (noun) - मुक्ति, रक्षा

Pronunciation: sal·vei·shn

Meaning: preservation or deliverance from harm, ruin, or loss **Synonyms:** rescue, saving, escape, liberation, redemption

Antonyms: destruction, downfall, endangerment

Usage: Since the country has few natural resources to sell overseas, it sees tourism as its

financial <u>salvation</u>.

68. COMICAL (adjective) - अनोखा

Pronunciation: ko·muh·kl **Meaning:** provoking laughter

Synonyms: funny, humorous, hilarious, amusing, witty, jocular

Antonyms: tragic, serious, sad

Usage: The actor's mistake was comical and made everyone in the room laugh

hysterically.

69. LEGITIMATE (adjective) - वैध, कानूनी

Pronunciation: li · jit · uh · mit

Meaning: conforming to the law or to rules

Synonyms: authentic, legal, lawful, licit, valid, legit

Antonyms: illegal, illegitimate, fraudulent



Usage: Because William did not think the terms of the contract were <u>legitimate</u>, he spoke to his lawyer before signing the agreement.

70. GRIN (verb) – मुसकुराना

Pronunciation: grin **Meaning:** smile broadly

Synonyms: smile, beam, smirk, crack, simper

Antonyms: frown, scowl, glare

Usage: She had a big grin on her face.

