

Exceptional words of English vocabulary from the newspaper 'The Hindu' are listed here.

Happy learning!!!

1. COERCE (VERB): मजबूर करना

Pronunciation: koh•uhs

Meaning: To force or pressure someone into doing something.

Synonyms: pressurize, persuade, oblige, bully

Antonyms: allow, Permit, Leave

Sentence: He was coerced into giving evidence.

2. DUSTUP (NOUN): झगड़ा

Pronunciation: DUST-up

Meaning: a physical dispute between opposing individuals or groups.

Synonyms: clash, battle, fight, altercation

Antonyms: truce, armistice, accord, concord

Sentence: He came home with a black eye from the dustup at the bar.

3. DEFIANCE (NOUN): अवज्ञा

Pronunciation: duh•fai•uhns

Meaning: open resistance; bold disobedience.

Synonyms: resistance, opposition, confrontation

Antonyms: compliance, obedience, submission

Sentence: The demonstration was held in defiance of official warnings.

4. GARGANTUAN (ADJECTIVE): विशाल

Pronunciation: gaa•gan•choo•uhn

Meaning: unusually large.

Synonyms: enormous, massive, giant, colossal

Antonyms: little, mini, petite, minuscule, tiny

Sentence: Of all her mistakes, this was the most gargantuan.

5. CONFABULATE (VERB): बातचीत करना

Pronunciation: kuhn•fa•byoo•layt

Meaning: to exchange viewpoints or seek advice for the purpose of finding a solution to a problem.

Synonyms: consult, confer, discuss, natter, converse

Antonyms: Silence, Be quiet, Listen

Sentence: I'd like to confabulate with my friends at weekends.

6. MARQUEE (NOUN): शामियाना

Pronunciation: maa•kee

Meaning: a large tent used for eating and drinking in at events held mainly outside that involve a lot of people.

Synonyms: shelter, tent, canopy

Antonyms: Exposure, Open air, Uncovered area

Sentence: The studio chiefs wanted a marquee name in the lead role, not some unknown.

7. STAPLE (ADJECTIVE): प्रमुख

Pronunciation: stay•pl

Meaning: the main or greater part of something as distinguished from its subordinate parts.

Synonyms: core, chief, major, primary

Antonyms: secondary, minor, Inessential

Sentence: Vegetables are a staple part of a healthy diet if you want to stay fit.

8. PILLORY (VERB): निंदा करना

Pronunciation: pi•luh•ree

Meaning: to severely criticize someone, especially in a public way.

Synonyms: blame, criticize, scold, ridicule

Antonyms: endorse, approve, commend, accolade, praise, esteem

Sentence: The press pilloried the judge for his decision

9. VACUOUS (ADJECTIVE): असार

Pronunciation: va•kyoo•uhs

Meaning: having or showing a lack of thought or intelligence; mindless.

Synonyms: blank, vacant, expressionless

Antonyms: brainy, bright, brilliant

Sentence: Bored with the vacuous chatter at the party, Mitchell went home and read a book.

10. ARSENAL (NOUN): शस्त्रागार

Pronunciation: aa•suh•nuhl

Meaning: a place where military arms are stored.

Synonyms: armory, warehouse, depot, repository

Antonyms: shortage, scarceness, paucity, dearth

Sentence: They sent the ordinance officer to the arsenal for weapons.

11. INGRESS (NOUN): प्रवेश

Pronunciation: in•gres

Meaning: the action or fact of going in or entering.

Synonyms: entry, entrance, access

Antonyms: discharge, dismissal

Sentence: With limited ingress and egress to the freeway, the stadium is a frequent scene of bottlenecks.

12. FLOUTED (VERB): उल्लंघन

Pronunciation: flawt•uhd

Meaning: openly disregard (a rule, law or convention).

Synonyms: defy, refuse to obey, Disregarded

Antonyms: accepted, approved

Sentence: The union had openly flouted the law.

13. SWANKY (NOUN): दिखावटी

Pronunciation: svangk•ee

Meaning: Excessive or unnecessary display.

Synonyms: Pretentious, Showy, Flashy

Antonyms: Simple, Plain, modesty

Sentence: The leading lorry was a large and swanky affair.

14. DELECTATION (NOUN): तृप्ति

Pronunciation: dee•lek•tay•shuhn

Meaning: pleasure and delight.

Synonyms: joy, delight, pleasure

Antonyms: unhappiness, misery, displeasure

Sentence: Tourists enjoying the delectations of this tropical paradise for the first time.

15. GELID (ADJECTIVE): ठंढा

Pronunciation: JEL-id

Meaning: having a low or subnormal temperature.

Synonyms: icy, frigid, cold

Antonyms: hot, boiling, Warm

Sentence: Titanic passengers could not long survive the gelid waters of the North Atlantic.

16. CONDONE (VERB): ध्यान न देना

Pronunciation: kuhn•done

Meaning: to dismiss as of little importance

Synonyms: ignore, forgive, overlook

Antonyms: note, mark, mind

Sentence: He is too quick to condone his friend's faults.

17. URBANE (ADJECTIVE): शिष्ट

Pronunciation: uh•bayn

Meaning: courteous and refined in manner (typically used of a man).

Synonyms: sophisticated, civilized, genteel

Antonyms: uncouth, boorish, Rude

Sentence: She describes him as urbane and charming.

18. ADDLEPATED (ADJECTIVE): उलझा हुआ

Pronunciation: AD-uhl-pey-tid

Meaning: suffering from mental confusion.

Synonyms: bewildered, dazed, confused

Antonyms: conscious, clearheaded, alert

Sentence: The addlepat old man wandered into the wrong store, convinced he was at the bakery.

19. RENASCENCE (NOUN): नवयुग

Pronunciation: re•na•scence

Meaning: the revival of something that has been dormant.

Synonyms: revival, rebirth, resurgence

Antonyms: Decline, decay, destruction

Sentence: Both revival and renascence are based on the new choice made by ourselves.

20. BENEFACTOR (NOUN): दान देने वाला

Pronunciation: beh•nuh•fak•tuh

Meaning: One that helps another with gifts or money.

Synonyms: donor, Contributor, patron

Antonyms: Malefactor, Enemy, Opponent

Sentence: An anonymous benefactor gave the school a dozen new computers.

21. APPORTION (VERB): बाटना

Pronunciation: uh•paw•shn

Meaning: to give or share out something, especially blame or money, among several people

Synonyms: allocate, allot, assign, distribute

Antonyms: Collect, combine, Gather

Sentence: When we know how much is profit, then we can apportion the money among/between us.

22. EMBELLISH (VERB): सजाना / सुशोभित

Pronunciation: uhm•beh•luhsh

Meaning: to make something more beautiful by adding something to it; make more interesting by adding extra details that are often untrue.

Synonyms: decorate, adorn, ornament

Antonyms: reasonable, realistic, simplify

Sentence: These ornaments are made in silver, and precious and semi-precious gems are used to embellish them.

23. SCOFF (VERB): उपहास

Pronunciation: skawf

Meaning: speak to someone or about something in a scornfully derisive or mocking way.

Synonyms: mock, taunt, ridicule, deride

Antonyms: admire, approve, compliment, flatter

Sentence: The rude little rich girl thought it was fun to scoff at the poor children at her school.

24. MUNIFICENCE (NOUN): उदारता

Pronunciation: myoo•ni•fuh•sns

Meaning: the quality or action of being lavishly generous; great generosity.

Synonyms: generosity, bountifulness

Antonyms: Miserliness, stinginess, meanness

Sentence: The munificent woman is a well-known philanthropist who funds many university scholarships.

25. BALK (VERB): बाधा डालना

Pronunciation: bawk

Meaning: to prevent from achieving a goal.

Synonyms: block, hinder, thwart

Antonyms: facilitate, assist, encourage

Sentence: Monica knew that her husband would balk at going shopping for new clothes, so she told him they were going to see the new action movie.

26. INDIGENT (ADJECTIVE): दरिद्र

Pronunciation: in•duh•jnt

Meaning: poor; needy

Synonyms: poor, impecunious, destitute

Antonyms: prosperous, opulent, rich

Sentence: Because he was indigent, the court-appointed a lawyer to represent him.

27. AVER (VERB): दृढ़ता से कहना

Pronunciation: uh-VUR

Meaning: state or assert to be the case

Synonyms: declare, assert, state

Antonyms: deny, abandon, Disavow

Sentence: I aver that I have spoken the truth.

28. ANOMALOUS (ADJECTIVE): नियम विरुद्ध

Pronunciation: uh•naw•muh•luhs

Meaning: deviating from what is standard, normal, or expected

Synonyms: abnormal, atypical, nontypical

Antonyms: natural, normal, regular

Sentence: There was an anomalous storm hanging over the city that no one could explain, as it had seemingly appeared out of nowhere on a sunny day.

29. DISCONCERT (VERB): चिंताजनक

Pronunciation: dis•kuhn•suht

Meaning: disturb the composure of; unsettle

Synonyms: confuse, fluster, rattle, unsettle, discomfit, disturb

Antonyms: relieve, soothe, comfort, calm

Sentence: John would disconcert his parents by not coming home after school.

30. DILATION (NOUN): फैलाव

Pronunciation: dai•lay•shn

Meaning: the action or condition of becoming or being made wider, larger, or more open

Synonyms: increase, expand, swell, enlarge

Antonyms: contraction, decrease, lessening, shrinkage, reduction, compression, shortening

Sentence: The doctor will repair the narrowed vessels by inserting a tube to dilate them.

31. RENDEZVOUS (NOUN): मिलन

Pronunciation: rawn•day•voo

Meaning: a meeting at an agreed time and place, typically between two people.

Synonyms: appointment, assignation, date
Antonyms: scatter, disperse, spread.
Sentence: He made a rendezvous with her in Times Square.

32. SOLITARY (ADJECTIVE): अकेला

Pronunciation: saw•luh•tuh•ree
Meaning: done or existing alone; single; only.
Synonyms: single, sole, alone
Antonyms: social, accompanied, sociable
Sentence: If the seat next to me on the airplane is solitary, I will take advantage of the extra space to spread out my legs.

33. JOCUND (ADJECTIVE): प्रफुल्ल

Pronunciation: joh•knd
Meaning: cheerful and lighthearted, in a happy mood.
Synonyms: merry, jolly, festive, cheerful, mirthful, jovial, jocose
Antonyms: melancholy, sorrowful, sad, unhappy
Sentence: As soon as I walked towards the front door of the luxury hotel, a jocund doorman greeted me with a smile.

34. IMPEDIMENT (NOUN): बाधा

Pronunciation: uhm•peh•duh•muhnt
Meaning: a hindrance or obstruction in doing something.
Synonyms: obstacle, hurdle, obstruction, barrier
Antonyms: Catalyst, aid, assistance, support
Sentence: My broken wrist is the impediment preventing me from finishing my new novel.

35. TRANCHE (NOUN): अंश

Pronunciation: traanch
Meaning: a portion of something, especially money
Synonyms: segment, piece, chunk, section, lump, portion, fragment
Antonyms: whole, entirely, total
Sentence: At the end of the month, a tranche of the worker's settlement will be sent from one account to a savings account.

36. FOLLY (NOUN): मूर्खता

Pronunciation: faw•lee
Meaning: lack of good sense; foolishness.
Synonyms: insanity, idiocy, absurdity, stupidity
Antonyms: discretion, sagacity
Sentence: Too much cleverness is folly.

37. CATHARSIS (NOUN): विरेचन

Pronunciation: kuh•thaa•suhs
Meaning: the process of releasing strong emotions through a particular activity or experience, such as writing or theatre, in a way that helps you to understand those emotions.
Synonyms: purgation, purification, abreaction
Antonyms: repression, blight, adulteration
Sentence: Crying is a great catharsis for releasing pain and anger.

38. ADDLED (ADJECTIVE): व्याकुल

Pronunciation: a•dld
Meaning: unable to think clearly; confused.
Synonyms: dazed, bewildered, confused
Antonyms: conscious, clearheaded, Focused
Sentence: Because my grandmother is in her mid-nineties, she is a bit addled at times and requires the aid of a personal caregiver.

39. DELIMITATION (NOUN): परिसीमन

Pronunciation: duh•li•muht•ay•shn
Meaning: the action of fixing the boundary or limits of something.
Synonyms: demarcation, delineation, delimiting, outlining, circumscribing
Antonyms: freedom, liberity, Boundless
Sentence: Set the delimitation or boundaries of your proposed research in order to provide a clear focus.

40. IMPRIMATUR (NOUN): आज्ञा

Pronunciation: im•pruh•maa•tuh
Meaning: official permission to do something that is given by a person or group in a position of power.
Synonyms: approval, assent, approbation, endorsement
Antonyms: disapproval, refusal, disapprobation

Sentence: When he suspended the assembly and dissolved Congress, he had the imprimatur of the armed forces.

41. FALTER (VERB): लड़खड़ाना

Pronunciation: fawl•tuh

Meaning: lose strength or momentum; speak hesitantly.

Synonyms: waver, vacillate, halt, stagger

Antonyms: decide, budge, plunge

Sentence: His voice began to falter at the mention of his sufferings in the old days.

42. CONTEMPLATE (VERB): सोचना

Pronunciation: kawn•tuhm•playt

Meaning: think deeply and at length.

Synonyms: ponder, consider, entertain, debate, study

Antonyms: dismiss, ignore, scorn, disregard, reject

Sentence: When the accountant was asked to contemplate the current budget, he discovered many ways the company could save money.

43. COMPLY (VERB): पालन करना

Pronunciation: kuhm•plai

Meaning: act in accordance with a wish or command.

Synonyms: consent, defer, accede

Antonyms: disagree, differ, dissent, conflict

Sentence: The man was arrested because he refused to comply with the airline's no smoking policy.

44. CONVICTION (NOUN): दोषसिद्धि

Pronunciation: kuh•vik•shn

Meaning: a formal declaration by the verdict or decision of a judge in a court of law that someone is guilty of a criminal offense; firmly held belief or opinion.

Synonyms: judgement, sentence, assurance, belief

Antonyms: disbelief, distrust, skepticism

Sentence: She takes pride in stating her political convictions.

45. PENURY (NOUN): दरिद्रता

Pronunciation: peh•nyoo•ree

Meaning: the state of being very poor; extreme

Synonyms: misery, beggary, indigence

Antonyms: affluence, wealth, opulence, Luxury

Sentence: When Margot lost all her money gambling, her family was forced to live in penury.

46. TRANSCEND (NOUN / VERB): ऊंचा उठना

Pronunciation: tran•send

Meaning: to go further, rise above, be more important, better than something, especially a limit.

Synonyms: surpass, exceed, top, excel, outshine, outstrip

Antonyms: fail, lose, surrender

Sentence: The athlete hoped the increased training would allow him to transcend Olympic records.

47. PESTILENT (ADJECTIVE): बिनाशक

Pronunciation: peh•stuh•luhnt

Meaning: likely to cause or capable of causing death.

Synonyms: lethal, deadly, harmful

Antonyms: salubrious, beneficial, salutary

Sentence: Smallpox is a pestilent disease.

48. ADEPTNESS (ADJECTIVE): निपुणता

Pronunciation: ad•ept.ness

Meaning: subtle or imaginative ability in inventing, devising, or executing something.

Synonyms: skillfulness, adroitness, proficiency

Antonyms: ineptitude, ineptness, artlessness

Sentence: His quick adeptness was a product of good design.

49. CUMBER (NOUN): बोझ

Pronunciation: KYOO-kum-ber

Meaning: obstruction, or burden.

Synonyms: impediment, Burden, obstruction

Antonyms: help, assist, Relieve

Sentence: His heavy boots cumbered him in walking.

50. CHASTEN (VERB): दंड देना

Pronunciation: chay•suhn

Meaning: to inflict a penalty for a fault or crime.
Synonyms: punish, fine, penalize
Antonyms: spare, excuse, pardon
Sentence: When I was a child, my parents would chasten me by taking all of my toys.

51. TANTAMOUNT (ADJECTIVE): बराबर

Pronunciation: tan•tuh•mawnt
Meaning: Equivalent in value, significance
Synonyms: Commensurate, Identical, equivalent
Antonyms: Different, Opposite, dissimilar, polar
Sentence: His statement was tantamount to an admission of guilt.

52. BODE (VERB): भविष्य-कथन

Pronunciation: bode
Meaning: To be a sign of something good or bad for the future.
Synonyms: Augur, Presage, betoken, predict
Antonyms: Ignore, Neglect, Conceal
Sentence: They have a very good relationship and it bodes well.

53. BRINK (NOUN): कगार

Pronunciation: bringk
Meaning: A crucial or critical point
Synonyms: Edge, Verge, margin, perimeter
Antonyms: Inside, Centre, interior
Sentence: Mismanagement had brought the company to the brink of bankruptcy.

54. SWATHES (VERB): लपेटना

Pronunciation: svaydhz
Meaning: To bind, wrap
Synonyms: Swaddle, Envelop, swaddle, binds
Antonyms: Unwrap, Uncover, Unclothe
Sentence: Her neck was swathed in jewels.

55. UNANIMOUS (ADJECTIVE): एकमत

Pronunciation: yoo•na•nuh•muhs
Meaning: fully agreed upon by everyone involved.
Synonyms: likeminded, at one, accordant, united
Antonyms: divided, split, conflicting, diversified
Sentence: The doctors were unanimous in their diagnoses.

56. CATASTROPHIC (ADJECTIVE): विनाशकारी

Pronunciation: ka•tuh•straw•fuhk
Meaning: causing sudden, great damage, destruction, or suffering.
Synonyms: Calamitous, Cataclysmic, tragic
Antonyms: Fortunate, Blessed, fortunate, bright
Sentence: His mother's untimely death had a catastrophic effect on him.

57. DETERIORATING (VERB): खराब होना

Pronunciation: duh•teeuh•ree•uh•rayt•uhng
Meaning: becoming progressively worse in quality, value, or strength.
Synonyms: Worsening, Declining, Decaying
Antonyms: Improving, Ameliorating, Recovering
Sentence: The weather conditions are deteriorating.

58. ANNEXATION (NOUN): राज्य-हरण

Pronunciation: a•neks•ay•shn
Meaning: taking control of a territory by another country or state, usually by force or without permission.
Synonyms: Seizure, Occupation, Expropriation
Antonyms: Separation, Detachment, Loss
Sentence: Annexations of suburban territory in 1888 & 1890 greatly increased the area of the city.

59. AMICABLY (ADVERB): मित्र भाव से

Pronunciation: a•muh•kuh•blee
Meaning: Friendly in attitude
Synonyms: Friendly, Harmoniously, Peaceably
Antonyms: Hostilely, Antagonistically, Bitterly
Sentence: We chatted amicably around the oak table, laughing at each other's stories.

60. ALTERCATION (NOUN): विवाद

Pronunciation: awl•tuh•kay•shn
Meaning: a noisy argument or disagreement, especially in public.
Synonyms: dispute, quarrel, Clashing
Antonyms: agreement, harmony, peace
Sentence: According to witnesses, the altercation between the two men started inside the restaurant.