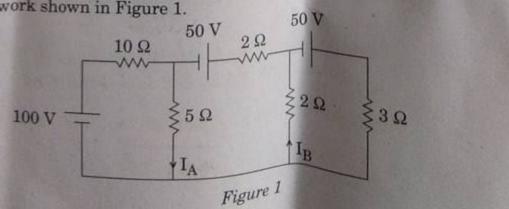
## PART B General Engineering (ELECTRICAL)

		TALLAL)	
1./	(a)	The resistance of copper winding of a motor at room temperature of 25°C is 3.0 $\Omega$ . After an extended operation of the motor at full load, the winding resistance increases to 4.0 $\Omega$ . Find the temperature rise. Given that the temperature coefficient of copper at 0°C is 0.00426 $\Omega$ /°C/ $\Omega$ .	15
	(b)	A toaster rated at 2000 W, 240 V is connected to a 230 V supply.	
		Will the toaster be damaged? Will its rating be affected?	15
	(c)	Define the following terms:	20
		(i) Drift velocity	
		(ii) Current density	
		(iii) Power	
		(iv) Electromotive force	
	(d)	The domestic power load in a house comprises the following:	
		(i) 10 lamps of 100 W each	
		(ii) 5 fans of 80 W each	
		(iii) 1 refrigerator of 0.5 hp	
		(iv) 1 heater of 1 kW	
		Calculate the total current taken from the supply of 230 V.	10
2.	(a)	Using Kirchhoff's law, determine the current IA and IB in the	
		network shown in Figure 1.	15



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For the circuit shown in Figure 2, find I such that current in the  $100 \Omega$  resistor is zero.

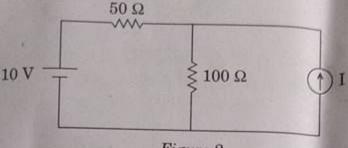


Figure 2

- A series combination of two capacitances  $C_1 = 5 \mu F$  and  $C_2 = 10 \mu F$ is connected across a dc supply of 300 V. Determine the
  - (i) charge
  - (ii) voltage
  - (iii) energy stored in each capacitor
  - 15 Define the following terms:
  - Self-inductance
  - Flux (ii)
  - (iii) RMS value of alternating waves
- A circular coil of area 300 cm2 and 25 turns rotates about its 3. vertical diameter with an angular speed of 40 rad/sec in a uniform horizontal magnetic field of magnitude 0.05 T. Find the maximum voltage induced in the coil.
  - Define the following terms:
    - Reluctance (i)
    - (ii)Permeance
    - (iii) Magnetic Field Strength

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1.	A coll has 1000 turns anclosing a magnetic errors of 20 cm <sup>2</sup> in group section, with 4 A current in the coll, the past density is 1.5 Wh/m <sup>2</sup> , and with 8 A current, it is 1.0 Wh/m <sup>2</sup> pind the mean value of industance between these current limits and the induced emf if the current decreases from 8 A to 4 A in 0.06 per.	16
	A sail A of 1900 turns and another sail B of 800 turns he near each other so that 60 percent of the flux produced in one links with the other. It is found that a current of 5 A in sail A produces a flux of 0:25 mWb, while the same current in sail B produces a flux of 0:15 mWb. Determine the mutual industance and coefficient of coupling between the sails.	20
4. 5	Determine the average and rms value of the results of verrent in a wire carrying simultaneously a de current of Determine and sinusoidal current of peak value of 1-414 A.	10
(0)	The resistance of a coil is 3 (2 and its time constant is 1-8 sec. At t = 0 sec, a 10 V source is connected to it Determine the	15
	(i) current at t = 1 and	
	(ii) time at which the current attains half of its final value	
	(iii) initial rate of growth of current	
(e)	Explain in brief the following:	20
1	(i) Energy meter	
	(ii) CRO	
	(iii) 2 wattmeter method	
	(iv) Multimeter	
(d)	In a moving coil instrument, the coil has a length of 5 cm, a width of 4 cm and 100 turns. The magnetic flux density in the air gap is 0.2 Wb/m <sup>2</sup> . The hair spring provides a controlling torque of 0.5 × 10 <sup>-7</sup> Nm/degree deflection of the coil. What current will be required to give a deflection of 60°?	15

A shunt generator gives full load output of 30 kW at a terminal voltage of 200 V. The armature and shunt field resistances are 5. 0-01  $\Omega$  and 100  $\Omega$  respectively. The iron and friction losses are 15 1000 W. Calculate the emf generated (i) (ii) copper losses (iii) efficiency Explain dynamic braking of 3-phase induction motor. 15 (b) Explain in brief the following: 15 (c) Fractional kilowatt motors (ii) Auto transformers (iii) S.C. test of 3-phase transformer Explain parallel operation of two alternators. (d) 15 Explain in brief of the following: 6. (a) 30 Merz-price system of protection (i) (ii) Short-circuit current for symmetrical faults (iii) Electric welding (b) How is the rating of a cable determined? 10 What are the different configurations of BJT? Explain each with (c) suitable circuit diagram. 10 Explain electric installation of machines and relevant IE rules in (d) brief. 10